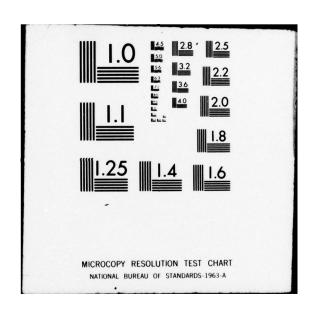
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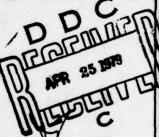


DELAWARE RIVER BASIN MUSCONETCONG RIVER MORRIS COUNTY NEW JERSEY



LAKE MUSCONETCONG

DAM NJ 00328



PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY_PROGRAM



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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Philadelphia District Corps of Engineers Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

April. 1979 04 20 05

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14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office) 18. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited. National Dam Safety Program. Lake Musconetcong Dam(NJØØ328). Delaware River Basin, Musconetcong River, Morris County, 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abetract or New Jersey. Phase I Inspection Report. 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Copies are obtainable from National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia, 22151. 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Visual Inspection Dams National Dam Inspection Act **Embankments** Structural Analysis Morris County, N.J. Safety 10. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report cites results of a technical investigation as to the dam's ade-The inspection and evaluation of the dam is as prescribed by the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367. The technical investigation

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report.

410 849

and preliminary structural and hydraulic and hydrologic calculations, as applicable. An assessment of the dam's general condition is included in the

includes visual inspection, review of available design and construction records,

LB

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS CUSTOM HOUSE - 2 D & CHESTNUT STREETS PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19106

1 2 APR 1979

Honorable Brendan T. Byrne Governor of New Jersey Trenton, New Jersey 08621

Dear Governor Byrne:

Inclosed is the Phase I Inspection Report for Lake Musconetcong Dam in Morris County, New Jersey which has been prepared under authorization of the Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367. A brief assessment of the dam's condition is given in the front of the report.

Based on visual inspection, available records, calculations and past operational performance, Lake Musconetcong Dam, a high hazard potential structure, is judged to be in fair overall condition. However, the spillway is considered inadequate since 72 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) would overtop the dam. To insure adequacy of the structure, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

- a. The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures and studies within six months from the date of approval of this report. Any remedial measures necessary to insure the adequacy of the spillway and to prevent overtopping should be initiated within calendar year 1980. In the interim, a detailed emergency operation plan and warning system should be promptly developed. Also, during periods of unusually heavy precipitation, around-the-clock surveillance should be provided.
- b. Within six months from the date of approval of this report, engineering studies and analysis should be performed to determine the dams foundation conditions and structural stability. Any remedial measures found necessary should be initiated within calendar year 1980.



NAPEN-D Honorable Brendan T. Byrne

- c. Within six months of the date of approval of this report, the following remedial actions should be completed:
- (1) Trashracks should be installed at the gatehouse intake. A means of hoisting the trashrack into and out of its channels should also be provided.
- (2) The crack in the joint of the downstream face of the spillway should be repaired.
- (3) Inspection and repair, if necessary, of the concrete of the spillway discharge channel at the upstream toe of the dam should be performed when no water is flowing over the spillway.
- (4) Spalled and eroded areas on the downstream face of the spillway, the sidewalls, the discharge outlet structure, and the upstream end of the culvert under Route 206 should be repaired.
- (5) An evaluation should be made of the ability of the iron picket fence, along Route 206, to stop a fast moving heavy vehicle from accidently falling into the spillway discharge channel.
- (6) Within twelve months, from the date of approval of this report, the depression in the concrete sidewalk along Route 206 should be investigated and repaired.

A copy of the report is being furnished to Mr. Dirk C. Hofman, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the designated State Office contact for this program. Within five days of the date of this letter, a copy will also be sent to Congressman James J. Courter of the Thirteenth District. Under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, the inspection report will be subject to release by this office, upon request, five days after the date of this letter.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained from the National Technical Information Services (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161 at a reasonable cost. Please allow four to six weeks from the date of this letter for NTIS to have copies of the report available.

NAPEN-D Brendan T. Byrne

An important aspect of the Dam Safety Program will be the implementation of the recommendations made as a result of the inspection. We accordingly request that we be advised of proposed actions taken by the State to implement our recommendations.

Sincerely,

1 Incl As stated JAMES G. TON
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer

College LTC

Copies furnished:
Dirk C. Hofman, P.E., Deputy Director
Division of Water Resources
N. J. Dept. of Environmental Protection
P. O. Box CN029
Trenton, NJ 08625

John O'Dowd, Acting Chief
Bureau of Flood Plain Management
Division of Water Resources
N. J. Dept. of Environmental Protection
P. O. Box CNO29
Trenton, NJ 08625

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM (NJ00328)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

This dam was inspected on 7 and 14 December 1978 by Langan Engineering Associates, Inc. under contract to the State of New Jersey. The state, under agreement with the U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia, had this inspection performed in accordance with the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

Lake Musconetcong Dam, a high hazard potential structure, is judged to be in fair overall condition. However, the spillway is considered inadequate since 72 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) would overtop the dam. To insure adequacy of the structure, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

- a. The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures and studies within six months from the date of approval of this report. Any remedial measures necessary to insure the adequacy of the spillway and to prevent overtopping should be initiated within calendar year 1980. In the interim, a detailed emergency operation plan and warning system should be promptly developed. Also, during periods of unusually heavy precipitation, around-the-clock surveillance should be provided.
- b. Within six months from the date of approval of this report, engineering studies and analysis should be performed to determine the dams foundation conditions and structural stability. Any remedial measures found necessary should be initiated within calendar year 1980.
- c. Within six months of the date of approval of this report, the following remedial actions should be completed:
- (1) Trashracks should be installed at the gatehouse intake. A means of hoisting the trashrack into and out of its channels should also be provided.
- (2) The crack in the joint of the downstream face of the spillway should be repaired.
- (3) Inspection and repair, if necessary, of the concrete of the spillway discharge channel at the upstream toe of the dam should be performed when no water is flowing over the spillway.

- (4) Spalled and eroded areas on the downstream face of the spillway, the sidewalls, the discharge outlet structure, and the upstream end of the culvert under Route 206 should be repaired.
- (5) An evaluation should be made of the ability of the iron picket fence, along Route 206, to stop a fast moving heavy vehicle from accidently falling into the spillway discharge channel.
- (6) Within twelve months, from the date of approval of this report, the depression in the concrete sidewalk along Route 206 should be investigated and repaired.

APPROVED:

1

MES G. TON

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

for District Engineer

DATE:

12 april 1979

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

NAME OF DAM:

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

ID NUMBER:

FED ID No NJ00328

STATE LOCATED:

NEW JERSEY

COUNTY LOCATED:

MORRIS

STREAM:

MUSCONETCONG RIVER

RIVER BASIN:

DELAWARE

DATE OF INSPECTION:

DECEMBER 1978

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

Lake Musconetcong is 52 years old and in fair overall condition. There is spalling, deterioration, and cracking of concrete at different locations on the dam, spillway, and outlet works that should be repaired.

The spillway capacity as determined by CE Screening criteria is inadequate. We estimate the dam can adequately pass 71% of the PMF. We recommend trashracks be installed at the gatehouse intake. A means of hoisting the trashrack into and out of its channels should also be provided. This should be done soon. The crack in the joint of the downstream face of the spillway should be repaired. This should be done soon. An inspection of the concrete of the spillway discharge channel at the upstream toe of the dam should be performed when no water is flowing over the spillway. This should be done soon. The engineering properties of the dam foundation material should be investigated by means of borings and tests, and stability analysis made using present day methods to confirm our assumptions concerning the structural

stability of the dam and appurtenances under different stress conditions. This should be done soon. Spalled and eroded areas on the downstream face of the spillway, the sidewalls, the discharge outlet structure, and the upstream end of the culvert under Route 206 should be repaired. This should be done in the near future. The iron picket fence along Route 206 should be cleaned and painted and an evaluation made of its ability to stop a fast moving heavy vehicle from accidentaly falling into the spillway discharge channel. This should be done in the near future. The depression of the concrete sidewalk along Route 206 should be investigated and repaired. This should be done in the future.

The spillway capacity as determined by CE Screening criteria is inadequate. The actual capacity of the spillway and the SDF should be determined using more precise and sophisticated methods and procedures. The need for and type of mitigating measures should be determined. Around the clock surveillance during periods of unusually heavy precipitation should be provided, and a warning system established. This should be done in the near future.

Dennis J. Leary, P.E.



OVERVIEW
LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM
1 DECEMBER 1978

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

NAME OF DAM:

ID NUMBER:

STATE LOCATED:

COUNTY LOCATED:

STREAM:

RIVER BASIN:

DATE OF INSPECTION:

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

FED ID No NJ00328

NEW JERSEY

MORRIS

MUSCONETCONG RIVER

DELAWARE

DECEMBER 1978



LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

Consulting Civil Engineers
990 CLIFTON AVENUE
CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY
201-472-9366

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NATIONAL DAM SAFETY REPORT LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM FED ID No. NJ00328

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

SECTION 1 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

Authority to perform the Phase I Safety Inspection of Lake Musconetcong Dam was received from the State of New Jersey, Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Water Resources by letter dated 20 November 1978. This Authority was given pursuant to the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 and by agreement between the State and the US Army Corps of Engineers District, Philadelphia, Penn.

The purpose of the Phase I Investigation is to develop an assessment of the general conditions with respect to safety of Lake Musconetcong Dam and appurtenances based upon available data and visual inspection, and, determine any need for emergency measures and conclude if additional studies, investigations and analyses are necessary and warranted. The assessment is made using screening criteria established in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams prepared by the Department of Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers. It is not the purpose of the inspection report to imply that a dam meeting or failing to meet the screening criteria, is per se, certainly adequate or inadequate.

1.2 Project Description

Lake Musconetcong Dam is a 52 year old, 14-ft high, 237-ft long highway embankment dam (Route 206) with a concrete upstream retaining wall and an upstream over-fall type spillway. The downstream slope of the dam on the west side of Route 206 is about 1½ Hor. to 1 Vert. or flatter. The concrete crest of the spillway has been raised one foot by means of timber planks bolted to the top. There is a longitudinal spillway channel parallel to and upstream of Route 206. The retaining wall forms the downstream side of the spillway channel. There is a gatehouse with four 3-ft-wide by 5-ft-high sluice gates and a 36-in-dia discharge pipe at the right abutment. The spillway is a concrete weir 203 ft long and discharge from the spillway channel is by way of a culvert under Route 206 into the Musconetcong River. The four sluice gates discharge directly into the spillway discharge channel and into the culvert. Discharge from the pipe crosses Route 206 and into the Morris Canal.

The dam is located in the Borough of Netcong on the Musconetcong River Morris County, New Jersey. It is at the southwest end of Lake Musconetcong at north latitude 40° 54' and west longitude 74° 42.3. A regional vicinity map is given in Fig 1 and essential features of the dam and appurtenances are given in Fig 2.

Lake Musconetcong Dam is classified as being "Intermediate" on the basis of its maximum reservoir storage volume of 3370 ac-ft which is more than 1,000-acre feet, but less than 50,000-acre feet. It is classified as "Small" on the basis of its total height of 14 ft, which is less than 40 feet. The overall size classification is the larger of these two determinations, and accordingly the dam is classified as "Intermediate" in size.

In the National Inventory of Dams, Lake Musconetcong Dam has been classified as having "High Hazard Potential" on the basis that failure of the dam would cause excessive property damage to residences downstream, and could potentially cause more than a few deaths. Visual inspection of the downstream area shows that breach of the dam would cause damage to residences and be hazardous to people utilizing Route 206. Accordingly, it is proposed not to change the Hazard Classification Potential.

The dam is owned by the State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Div. of Parks and Forestry, P.O. Box 1420 Trenton, N.J. 08625.

The purpose of the dam is flood control and recreation. The dam was designed by Corneleus C. Vermeule, Consulting and Direction Engineer for the Morris Canal and Banking Company. It was constructed by the John W. Heller Company in 1927. There is essentially no information available on the design and construction history of the dam.

1.3 Pertinent Data

The drainage area is:

30.3 sq mi

The area of the Lake is:

307 Acres

b. Discharge at Dam Site

Maximum known flood at dam site:

October 1903; peak flow reported to be 2331 cfs at Lake Hopatcong

Ungated spillway capacity at maximum pool elevation:

3460 cfs (controlled by culvert under roadway)

Total spillway capacity at

maximum pool elevation:

3460 cfs (controlled by culvert under roadway)

Elevation (ft above MSL)

Top dam:

Approx. El. 863.5 (low point at two ends)

Spillway crest:

El. 859.75

Streambed at centerline of dam:

Approx. El. 849.

Maximum tailwater:

Approx. El. 851. at time of inspection

d. Reservoir

Length of maximum pool:

Approx. 14,000 feet

Length of normal pool:

Approx. 13,900 feet

e. Storage (acre-feet)

Top of dam:

Approx. 3370 AF

Spillway crest:

Approx. 2200 AF

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

Top Dam:

Approx. 318 Acres

Spillway crest:

307 Acres

g. Dam

Type:

Highway embankment with

U/S concrete face

Length:

237 feet

Height:

14 feet

Top width:

63 Feet (roadway embankment width)

Zoning:

None observed

Impervious Core:

None observed

Cutoff:

None observed

Grout curtain:

None observed

h. Spillway

Type:

Over-fall

Length of weir:

203 feet

Crest elevation:

El. 859.75

U/S Channel:

None observed

D/S Channel:

Longitudinal concrete channel

i. Regulating outlets

Four 3 ft x 5 ft vertical lift sluice gates and a control valve on a pipe leading from the right of the gatehouse. Discharge is controlled from gatehouse at right abutment.

SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Introduction

In 1931 consideration was given to raising the crest of the spillway by 2.0 ft. This led to the development of technical letters by the Engineer C.C. Vermeule concerning the hydrologic aspects of Lake Musconetcong and the spillway. These letters are given in Appendix 1. The spillway was not raised as originally proposed. However, the crest was raised 1 ft by means of timber planks bolted to the crest of the existing concrete weir. These planks have been maintained and were in place at the time of our inspection.

No essential engineering information is available concerning the design and construction of the dam. Consequently, an evaluation cannot be made.

Operation of the outlet works consists of maintaining a flow in the pipe leading to the Morris Canal. This water is used by the Stan Hope Fire Department for fire protection. During the winter a flow of water is maintained over the spillway to prevent freezing at the spillway crest and the left sluice gate is kept open slightly to prevent build up of ice and permit measurement of water levels.

2.2 Regional Geology

Lake Musconetcong Dam is located in the New Jersey Highlands physiographic province. The New Jersey Highlands extend across the State in a northeast/southwest direction from the border of New York to the Delaware River and includes the northwest portions of Hunterdon, Passaic, and Morris Counties and the southeastern parts of Warren and Sussex Counties. The province is part of the New England Physiographic Province and lies between the Appalachian Ridge and Valley Province to the northwest and the Piedmont Province to the southeast, See Fig 3.

The Highlands are characterized by rounded and flat-topped northeast/southwest ridges and mountains up to 1,400 ft high separated by narrow valleys. The orientation of the valleys are usually, but not always controlled by the underlying geologic structure.

Bedrock of the region is predominantly Precambrian gneisses, schists, and matasediments. Some sedimentary strata, typically sandstones, shales and conglomerate have been infolded and infaulted into the valley bottoms.

The regional geologic structure reflects the very old age of bedrock. A number of regional faults cross the area in a northeast southwest direction, including the Ramapo FAult; the more than 30 mile long fault/scarp forms the eastern border of the province. Faults control many of the river valley orientations. The relatively uniform slope of the mountain elevations, from northwest to southeast, is a direct result of the faulting. The entire area is part of the now dissected Schooley Peneplain.

The Pleistocene Age Wisconsin glacier covered all of the dam site area.

The glacier stripped most of the existing overburden and weathered rock and uncovered the numerous hard bedrock knobs and ridges seen throughout the province. Most of the side-slopes in the area are covered with heavy boulder tills (ground moraine), whereas glacial outwash and recent alluvium cover the valleys.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

Approximately one inch of water was flowing over the spillway crest at the time of our inspection which limited the extent of our observations. However, based on those parts of the dam and appurtenances we could observe it is our opinion the dam is in generally fair condition.

Several construction joints perpendicular to the axis of the spillway crest appeared open. Wooden flashboards approximately one foot high are attached to the spillway crest. Water was not flowing uniformly over the flashboards. The mid-portion of the spillway had less head flowing over boards.

The gatehouse contains five Coffin gate valve operators. The valves are well maintained and easily operated by one man.

The left concrete spillway sidewall has deteriorated upstream and the soil has eroded to a depth of about 2 ft behind the sidewall.

Spillway discharge goes under Route 206 through a concrete culvert into the Musconetcong River. To the right and parallel to the river is a portion of the old Morris Canal that feeds into the river further downstream.

The downstream face of the spillway has small spalled areas and vertical cracks at construction joints. Spalling and deterioration of the concrete has occurred at the discharge outlets of the gatehouse.

Deterioration of the concrete has occurred at the entrance to the culvert which crosses beneath Route 206. A small amount of debris has collected in the spillway discharge channel. The riprap at the left end of the spillway and the right side of the gatehouse is missing. Erosion and deterioration of concrete has occurred at the right downstream sidewall of the culvert under Route 206 and erosion has occurred at the left downstream sidewall.

A section of the sidewalk above the dam has depressed about 2 inches. The iron fence along Route 206 has rusted and appears to have at one time stopped a vehicle from falling into the discharge channel.

The earth slopes surrounding the lake are relatively flat and no adverse conditions were observed. Our Visual Inspection Check List is given in Appendix 2 and Photographs are given in Appendix 3.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

Operation and maintenance of the dam is the responsibility of the N.J.D.E.P. Division of Parks and Forestry. There are four 3 ft by 5 ft vertical lift sluice gates and a control valve on a 36-in-dia pipe. The operator stands are manufactured by Coffin of Boston. They are well maintained and in good condition. They can be operated by one man. The 36-in-dia pipe provides a constant flow of water to the Morris Canal which is used by the Stan Hope Fire Department for fire protection. The sluice gates are seldom opened except in the winter when the left gate is maintained open slightly to prevent ice forming and permits water level measurements.

SECTION 5 HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

No information is available concerning original design data for Lake Musconetcong Dam. The results of studies made in 1931 subsequent to its construction have been given in Appendix 1.

The hydraulic/hydrologic evaluation is based on a Spillway Design Flood (SDF) equal to the full Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) chosen in accordance with the evaluation guideslines for dams classified as high hazard and Intermediate in size. Hydrologic design data for this dam is not available. The PMF has been determined by developing a synthetic hydrograph based on the maximum probable precipitation of 22.4 inches (200 square mile - 24 hour). Hydrologic computations are presented in Appendix 4. The PMF peak inflow determined for the subject watershed is 6140 cfs.

The capacity of the spillway is 3460 cfs which is less than SDF.

Flood routing for the PMF (with the gates closed) indicates the dam will overtop by 1.8 ft. We estimate with gates closed the dam can adequately pass 71% of the PMF.

The downstream potential damage center is a well traveled highway (Route 206) across the crest of the dam and nearby residential buildings, which are located downstream of the dam. Based on our visual inspection of the immediately downstream topography and knowledge of the dam it is our opinion that dam failure resulting from overtopping would cause excessive property damage and could potentially cause more than a few deaths.

Drawdown of lake below spillway crest has been evaluated considering the four 3 ft x 5 ft sluice gates and the 36-in-dia discharge pipe function properly and are utilized for this purpose. Our calculations indicate the lake level could be lowered 5 ft in approximately 1 day and 9 ft in about 5 days.

SECTION 6 STRUCTURAL STABILITY

There is no available information concerning the dam foundation material. However, it is our opinion based primarily upon our visual observations, and evaluation of the type and conditions of the dam, that it is stable under static loading and is likely to have conventional safety margins.

Lake Musconetcong Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 of the Seismic Zone Map of Contiguous States. In its present condition the degree of structural stability is assumed to be adequate with respect to both static and seismic loadings.

SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

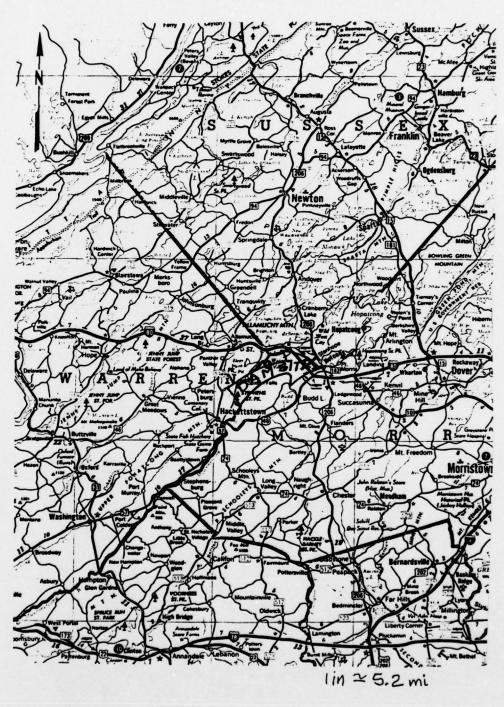
7.1 Assessment

Lake Musconetcong is 52 years old and in fair overall condition. There is spalling, deterioration, and cracking of concrete at different locations on the dam, spillway and outlet works that should be repaired. The spillway capacity as determined by CE Screening criteria is inadequate. We estimate the dam can adequately pass 71% of the PMF.

7.2 Recommendations/Remedial Measures

We recommend the following remedial measures:

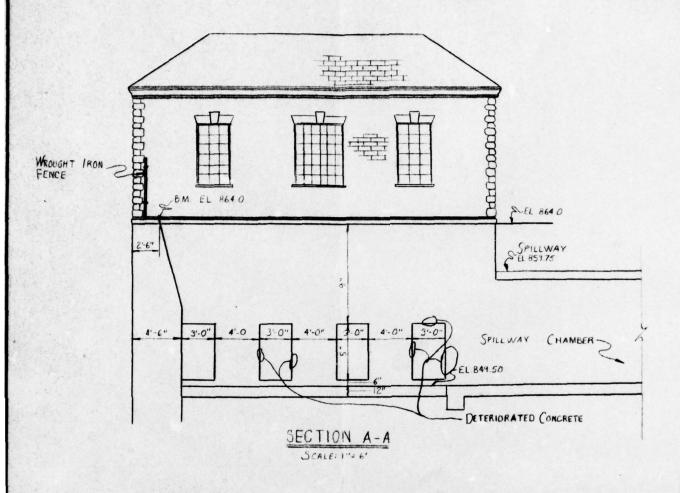
- Trashracks should be installed at the gatehouse intake. A means of hoisting the trashrack into and out of its channels should also be provided. This should be done soon.
- 2. The crack in the joint of the downstream face of the spillway should be repaired. This should be done soon.
- 3. An inspection of the concrete of the spillway discharge channel at the upstream toe of the dam should be performed when no water is flowing over the spillway. This should be done soon.
- 4. The engineering properties of the dam foundation material should be investigated by means of borings and tests, and stability analysis made using present day methods to confirm our assumptions concerning the structural stability of the dam and appurtenances under different stress conditions. This should be done soon.
- 5. Spalled and eroded areas on the downstream face of the spillway, the sidewalls, the discharge outlet structure, and the upstream end of the culvert under Route 206 should be repaired. This should be done in the near future.
- 6. The iron picket fence along Route 206 should be cleaned and painted and an evaluation made of its ability to stop a fast moving heavy vehicle from accidently falling into the spillway discharge channel. This hould be done in the near future.
- 7. The depression of the concrete sidewalk along Route 206 should be investigated and repaired. This should be done in the future.
- 8. The spillway capacity as determined by CE Screening criteria is inadequate. The actual capacity of the SDF and the spillway should be determined using more precise and sophisticated methods and procedures. The need for and type of mitigating measures should be determined. Around the clock surveillance during periods of unusually heavy precipitation should be provided, and a warning system established. This should be done in the near future.

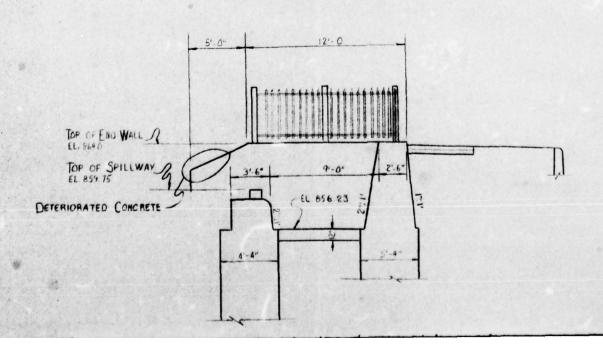


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REGIONAL VICINITY MAP LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

Fig.1

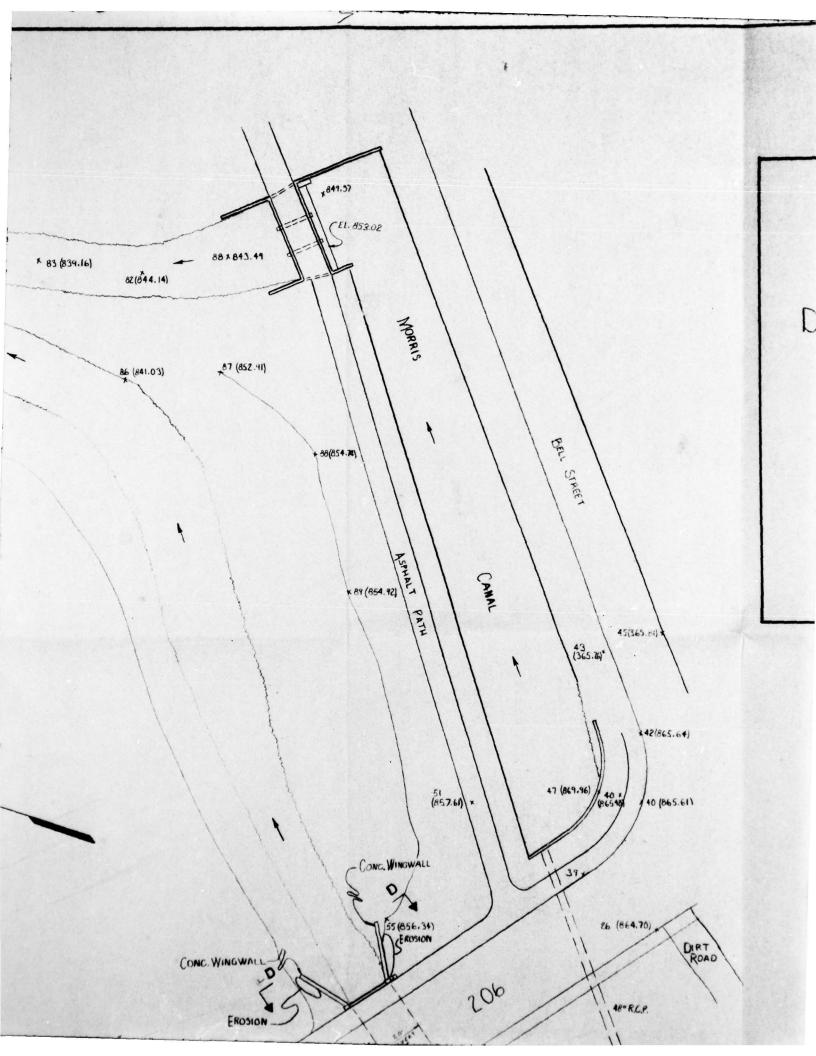


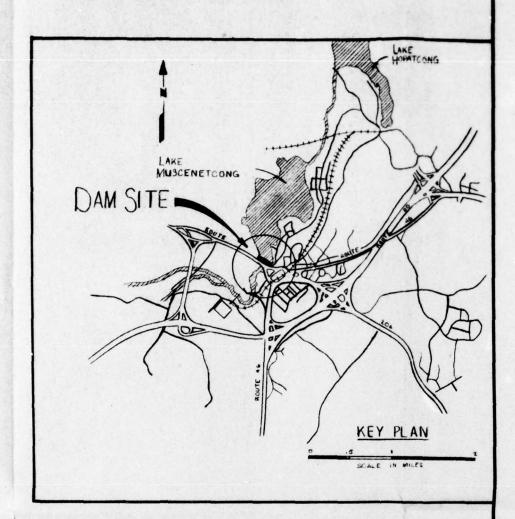


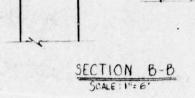
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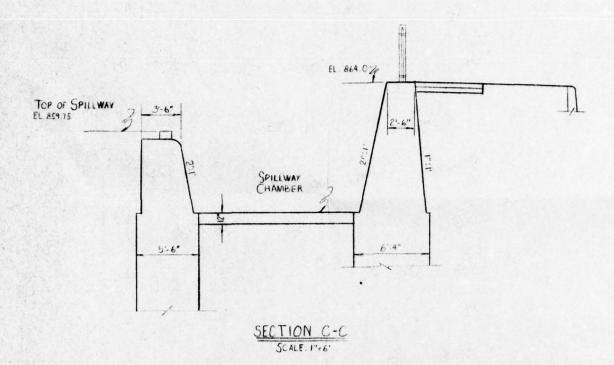
CONC. WING

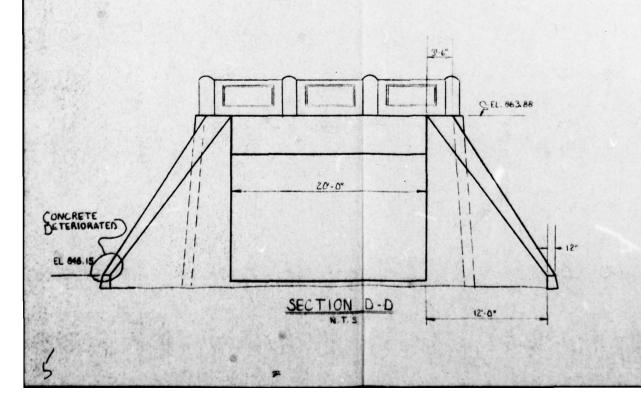
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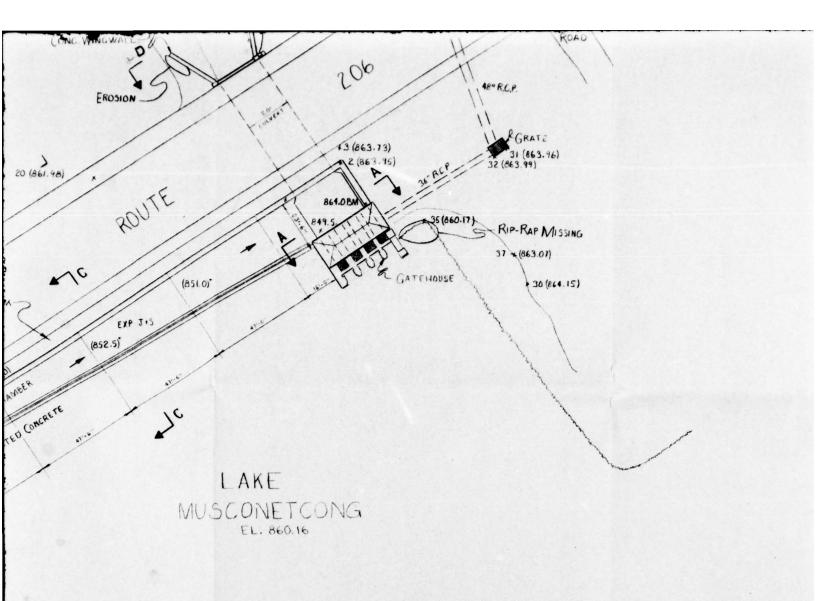






CONC. WINGWALL

F





NOTE:

THE ELEVATIONS SHOWN WERE OBTATHEY ARE APPROXIMATE. THE BENCH WALL OF THE SPILLWAY CHAMBER WAS CANAL & BANKING CO. DOVER N.J. OFF SURFACE AND WATER LEVEL ARE INFO

DATE DESCRIPTION NO.
REVISIONS



PHASE I INSPECTION & EVALUATION NEW JERSEY DAMS

DRAWING TITLE

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

JANUARY 1979 FED. J.D. NO. NJ 00328

JOB NO. J - 783 B

DATE 26 JAN. 1979

SCALE AS NOTED

DRIN BY R.Z.

CHILD. BY Q. J. L.

DRAWING NO.

DRAWING NO.

DRAWING NO.

ELEVATIONS SHOWN WERE OBTAINED USING A SURVEYORS TRANSIT AND LEVEL.
RE APPROXIMATE. THE BENCHMARK ELEVATION OF 864.0 ON THE NORTH
THE SPILLWAY CHAMBER WAS USED AS INDICATED ON DWGS. OF THE MORRIS
BANKING CO. DOVER N.J. OFFICE. JULY 1,1925 INFORMATION SHOWN BELOW GROUND
E AND WATER LEVEL ARE INFERRED ON THE BASIS OF SAID DWGS,

Schematic Cross-Section of Ridge & Valley
Physiographic Province -3th Watchung Mtn. PIEDMONT Lava (Basalt) Flows BORDER Schooley Peneplain Sedimentary Rocks HIGHLANDS kittatinny Mtn. and Metasediments - Greisses, Schists & VALLEY RIDGE REGIONAL GEOLOGIC FEATURES

Fig. 3

APPENDIX 1

HYDROLOGIC DATA

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

C.VIBOR. 0

Cornelins C. Hermenle

- JN 1 - 193

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CONSULTING ENGINEER

38 PARK ROW

NEW YC

Lay 29:t. 1:51.

ir. Howard .. Iritoblow, Grief, Division of Applications, State water folicy Commission, Lo west State Street, Trenton, 1. ..

Lear Lr. Britchlow:

1 1

0

Mr. Sherman, of the Newark Office of your Commission, has surrested that I get in touch with you regarding the spilling capitity at lake "usconotions after the proposed intreased heart of 2 ft.

You will note, at the apiliway will take care at 1.0 suift, per second per square mile of catonnent, sather with the ontes open or intes closed. I to not solleve that the massarge will ever reach this ligure. for one number years throat at this point were manaled inrough a small rate and through the sanal look. As you anow, no spillary existed until 1926.

Due to the pressure of work at this office, it and te impossible for me to go to Trenton within the next arek. I am therefore enclosing a memorandum concerning the spilled discharge at this point. I have also sent a copy to Er. Sherman. I mail be very glad to give you any further internation Antil you tay require.

Yery truly yours,

Memorandum Concerning Spillway at Lake

11

This has been computed according to the requirements of the Mater Policy Commission, which are stated to be 100 ou.ft. per second per square mile of catchment, which for the 80.3 square miles would call for 3,030 cu.ft. per second. The spill-way is 203 ft. long. Co-efficient has been taken at 3.33 in the formula - 4 = 3.33 x the square root of the cube of E.

Fith the gates closed, the above discharge would call for a height on the spillway of 2.72 ft. and with the gates open 2.15 ft.

There are four sluice gates, each 3 x 5 ft. The elevation of the raised spillway is 861.0, and at the center of the gates 852.5. With 0.5 ft. depth on the spillway, the head on the gates is 9 ft. With C = 0.62, the discharge of the four gates is estimated at 896.5 cu.ft. per second.

With the gates open therefore, the height on the spillway required for the above maximum discharge will be as before stated. 2.15 ft.

The net head on the spillway under flood conditions will be as follows:

second, the sater will rise in the channel below the spillway and at the gate house to elevation 860.3. At the far end of the spillway the height in the sharpel will be 862.6.

The water on the spilway will be 863.72. The net head or difference in water level -bove and below the spillway will be at the gate house 3.42 ft. and et the far end of the spillway 0.92 ft.

with the sluine gates open, the disonarge over the spillway will be 2,133.5 au.ft. per second. The elevation of the water below the spillway at the gate house vill be 869.45, and at the far end of the spillway 861.95. The net head on the dam under these conditions will be at the gate house c.7 ft., and at the far end of the spillway 1.2 ft.

It should be noted from the above figure that the maximum pressure on the dam will occur when the lake is just level with the spillway.

amount of water, it is far beyond what can ever o dur. The discharge from Lake Hopathong was carefully estimated when the dam were built, and it was found with in inflow to the lake of 115 ou.ft. per second per square mile, owing to the absorption of sater by the lake in resulting a given height on the spillway, the discharge over the spillway could not exceed 1260 cu.ft. per second. This maximum would occur at least twelve hours later than the maximum from the lower ortahizant of 4.9 square miles, and it is estimated from these figures that the maximum discharge over the lake at law lasconethong connect setually exceed 1400 lu.ft. per second. This will cause a rise of 1.04 ft. on the spillway with the gates closed, or 1.53 ft. with

The old cancil dam at baxton ralls stood for nearly one hundred years and could never have remained there had the discharge at that point exceeded 60 cu.ft. per second per square mile.

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Cornelins C. Hermenle

CONSULTING ENGINEER

38 PARK ROW

NEW YORK

June 4th, 1931.

sente de

Mr. Howard T. Critchlow. Lavision Engineer. State Water Folicy Commission. 28 West State Street. Trenton, E. J.

Jear ir. Critablew:

neplying to your favor : the 2nd inst., the spillway was computed on an average co-efficient of 3.33 after we had found that the so-efficient was so close to that that we could use the tables based on the Francis formula. However, I will rive you the conditions more in ittail as follows: (47 11 in inge of :030 sec y : 100 C

The water elevations below the spiliway are, at the gate house do0.3, at the middle point of spillway d61.07. and at the south end 862.8. The first half of the spillway from the gate house is practically a free fisharge, for the reason that the above elevations are not to stillwater as retured in the submerged weir formula, but are taken where the velocity is very high, it being impossible to get the ingures for still-water. Consequently for the first lol.t it. the co-efficient is taken at 3.485." This is from exteriments. deries to: the formely experiments, page od, W.S. & I. paper : 3.

for the remeinder of the spilling I have used .eras.el's formula for irowned weirs, see .ransactions, Ameria n coalety J.L., May lost, page 139. In this paper he gives sertain corrections for the head dailed "a", and after this correction is made, the lischarge is computed as if in : Fee a.r.

The Dilouity are the values of H and h. H being the same infoughout ent n verying.

. ... 72. t milie point, : . 0.07 . At 50.75 it. scutt.

-1-

at south end b = 1.80.

From the above, the value of a for 1 it. of spillway is worked out as follows:

At south end of spillway, Q = 15.61

At south end of spillway, Q = 11.36

From the above we obtain the following discharges over several sections of the spillway.

First ralf from gate house: = 15.61 x 101.5 = 1,584 c.f.s. *

For next quarter of spillway: - 14.93 x 50.75 - 758 s.f.s.

For the south quarter of spillway: 2 - 12.805 x 50.75 - 650 c.f.s.

Total 41 scharge 2,992 0.1.s. /

This corresponds to a co-efficient of 3.29. However, it does not take into account the fact already stated, that his not taken to stillwater, and that unquestionably the high velocity below the opiniway will increase it. For this reason I consider it conservative to use 3.33 throughout. However, if the above 3.29 is used, the illierence in head is trifling.

Taking up next the question you raised as to the dissharge from lake nopations, I did sonshier present day sonditions.
This was thoroughly worked out, as I previously stated, went
the spiliway and gates at lake Hopations were designed. There
are four gates there, measuring 3 ft. x 5 ft., and with the
water level with the spillway, the nead on the senter of the
gates is s.5 ft. With a so-efficient of C.c2, this gives a
lisonarge of LD9.7 s.i.s. for each gate, or 916 su.f.s. for
four gates. The maximum sonsitions were found to be with
all gates open and I ft. on the spillway, giving a total
disonarge as previously stated, of 1260 c.i.s., the spillway
being 1.5 ft. long.

The lake untains 2,445 agree and the total

satisfient including the lake is 25.4 sq.miles. So made several simputations but I think a single one will show the impossibility of the maximum flow ever resoning above 1260 c.i.s. The inflow is based on the Pequannock in October, 1903, and at that point it began with no discharge. After thirty-three nours it reached 6,000 s.i.s. and at the end of sixty-six nours it had falled to 1800 c.f.s. Considering the retarding influence of the lake, we may use these figures and taking forty per sent of the above for lake Hopatoong, which gives an inflow at the end of thirty-three hours of 2400 c.i.s., and at the end of sixty-six hours of 720 c.i.s. At these rates the total volume of inflow would be as follows:

First od nours

142,560,000 cu.ft. 145,328,000

Total for oo nours

327,858,000 ou.ft.

of the close, encounted the cates were open at the beginning of the close, encounted be the condition producing a maximum, we should have the collowing outflow during the first thirty-three hours, the rule on the spillway being 6 indies.

Throws the sates Stored in lake o inshes Simplifies over spilling

109,153,446 au.1t. t3,263,540 " " 7,009,200 " "

Total Discharge

169.371.180 au.ft.

For the next thirty-three nours the disonarge would continue at the same rate through the sates, but the lake would rise to inshed further to that the disonarge over the spillway would be due to a head of 1 it. This would dispose of the remainder of the field as follows:

liminare through gates libral in lake o inches williams over spillway

the state of the s

109.123.440 su.ft. 23.203.240 " " 26.730.000 " "

139,191,980 su.1t.

De 327, 225,000 suitt. and the offset 218,563,160 suift. The

-4-

difference is unimportant I have not recomputed it to make the balance exact.

For the above flood therefore, the maximum discharge occurring at the end of sixty-six hours would be:

Through the gates Over spillway 916 o.f.s. 342 o.i.s.

Total 1260 c.f.s.

The only use made of the Canal data was in computing the volume of the flood, made up of the amount discharged through the gates plus a very large accumulation in the lake the to the time it was drawn down. These calculations fully temonstrate that there had been no flood at Lake Hopatoong so severe as the one on the Pequannock, upon which we have brack the above estimate. The minfall at Lake Hopatoong is materially less than elong the Fequannock.

Fernance to collowing presentation will demonstrate more absolutely the impossibility of a liberarke from make copations resonant into account teet per square mile, or 2540 descriptions.

First let us assume that the gates are open, 41smarging 91s.d account test. It would then be necessary that
the manarge over the spilling should reach 1621.2 second
met to give the above maximum. The spilling is 100 ft. long
and to reach this discharge F must equal 2.87 on the spilling.
This sould be used that the lake should fill up 2.87 ft. in the
sixty-six hours, and this would absorb 305,416,800 cu.ft.

The discharge over the spillway luring of hrs. at 810.6 c.f.s. would a The discharge through the gates for the same period would amount to

193,881,600

218,306,300 "

This would give a total for 66 hrs. of

717,605,280 cu.ft.

This is of source against the actual inflow as computed before 327,888,000 swift.

It will be seen to have been impossible for the lake to ever rise to a neight that would live 2.37 ft. on the spill-way.

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Next let us assume that the gates remained closed. Then in order to reach a discharge of 2546 second feet over the spillway we must have a height above the spillway of 3.87 it., the lame being filled up to a corresponding height. We should therefore have for the sixty-six hours the following:

3.37 ft. on the lake Discharge over spillway, oo ars.c 1270 second ft. 411,853,790 ou.it.

3-1,752,000. " "

Total

713,505,790 cu.it.

This is again considerably more than double the actual amount of the run-oif based upon the Fequannock record of 1903.

Conserming the discharge at Saxton Falls in 1903, a careful survey of conditions there as they were before we rebuilt the dam, shows that the water rose on the dam to elevation 95.5. This gave the following spillway conditions.

Total Spillway Discharge 3,373.4

in addition the gate measured o it. x 12.0 ft., or 38.4 sq.ft. with an effective nest of 4 it. after allowance for pack-water. This gives a gate insonance of 376.2.

Total Discharge

4, 554.6

It this the there was a steady discharge through the gates at lake hopstoomy of 646 second feet, which tedusted from the above, gives 4509.6 second ft. discharge from the lower 42.6 square miles of patchment, which nomes to 101.1 second feet par aquare mile.

Mr. Moward T. Critinlow

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fune 4tr. 1931.

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This is given to show that whereas 100 second feet per square mile applies to the free catchment, it does not apply to the whole catchment including lake hopations. You will observe that if 4,854.6 second feet at Jaxton Falls is agreed over the whole 68 square miles of catchment at that point, it comes to 71.4 second feet per square mile. As previously stated, our experience at Jaxton Falls has demonstrated fully that if there had been a discharge there at the rate of 100 second feet per square mile, or 6800 second it., it would have torn out the abutments of the dam and the canal cank below the dam, due to the runh of water through the look over the top of the look, gates and the walls.

Hoping that I have made the above plear, I am

Very truly yours,

Cornelius C. Venteule, Jr.

::: 5.

APPENDIX 2

CHECK LIST

VISUAL INSPECTION

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

CHECK LIST VISUAL INSPECTION Phase I

STATE New Jersey COORDINATORS N.J. DEP	TEMPERATURE 45° F	TAILWATER AT TIME OF INSPECTIONE 1. 851+M.S.L.
COUNTY Morris	WEATHER Overcast	CTIONE1. 860.16 M.S.L.
NAME DAM Lake Musconetcong	DATE(s) INSPECTION See Below	POOL ELEVATION AT TIME OF INSPECTIONE 1. 860.16 M.S.L.

INSPECTION PERSONNEL:

78	78	
12/14/78	12/14/78	
P. Yu	J. Gurkovich	
12/7/78	12/7/78	12/14/78
J. Richards 12/7/78	D. Leary	J. Rizzo

RECORDER

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	Dead branches, wood, bottles, paper, large chunk (2 ft X 3 ft X 1.5 ft) of styrofoam. A rock spillway 600' downstream.	Debris, etc. should be removed.
SLOPES	Varies from vertical stone wall to earth slopes of 1:1 to 1(V) to 3(H). Slopes appear satisfactory.	
APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION	Church, church school, & in excess of 20 homes located downstream. Excess of 200 people.	Warning alarm system & emergency gate should be installed.

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SEE PAGE ON LEAKAGE	None observed	
STRUCTURE TO ABUTMENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS (Direction: looking d/s)	At left end of spillway, erosion of over 2 ft in depth and width of 15 ft and length of 25 ft.	Eroded area should be suitably repaired.
DRAINS		
WATER PASSAGES	Generally clear, a few pieces of debris. 150 gpm est coming out of leftssluice gate.	Debris should be removed.
FOUNDATION	Not observable.	

CONCRETE/MASONRY

	(SPILLWAY AREA)	
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES (Direction: looking d/s)	Left end of spillway concrete surface cracked over majority of area and spalled to depth of 6 inches. Right end of spillway concrete spalled to depth of 4 inches.	Cracked and spalled concrete should be repaired.
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	Water flowing over spillway at time of investigation. None observed.	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	Vertical alignment of flash boards appears off by 2 inches, water flowing 2 inches higher on left & right of center portion of spillway.	
MONOLITH JOINTS	Appear satisfactory.	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	Several joints appear open.	Joint should be repaired.
D.		

OUTLET WORKS

0

None observed. Alarm system & emergency gate should be constructed.	APPEARS SATISFACTORY.	Spalled concrete areas should be repaired. Spalled concrete should be repaired. Alarm system & emergency gate should be constructed.	Downstream culvert concrete spalled on left & right entrance walls of culvert (2 in x 1 ft x 8 ft and 4 in x 8 in x 1.5 ft, respectively). Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on three sides and second to right spalled on two opposite sides. Appears satisfactory. Appears satisfactory.	CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT (Direction: looking d/s) INTAKE STRUCTURE OUTLET STRUCTURE OUTLET CHANNEL (Direction: looking d/s) EMERGENCY GATE
	Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on three sides and second to right spalled on two opposite sides.		Appears satisfactory.	TLET CHANNEL Direction: looking d/s)
Appears ing d/s)		Spalled concrete should be repaired.	Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on three sides and second to right spalled on two opposite sides.	LET STRUCTURE
Appears satisfactory. Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on three sides and second to right spalled on two opposite sides. Appears satisfactory.		Spalled concrete areas should be repaired.	Downstream culvert concrete spalled on left & right entrance walls of culvert (2 in X 1 ft X 8 ft and 4 in X 8 in X 1.5 ft, respectively).	CKING AND SPALLING OF ICRETE SURFACES IN LET CONDUIT
Downstream culvert concrete spalled on left & right entrance walls of culvert (2 in x 1 ft x 8 ft and 4 in x 8 in x 1.5 ft, respectively). Appears satisfactory. Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on two opposite sides. Appears satisfactory. Concrete spalled on two outlet chambers, left most outlet chamber spalled on two opposite sides. Appears satisfactory.	PALLING OF left & right entrance walls of culvert (2 in x 1 ft x 8 ft and 4 in x 8 in x 1.5 ft, respectively).		OBSERVATIONS	AL EXAMINATION OF

RESERVOIR

OBSERVATIONS REMARK OR RECOMMENDATIONS	Slopes vary from vertical stone walls in front of homes to 1(V) to 10 (H) along soil slopes. Several eroded areas up to 4 in deep and in excess of 20 ft in length observed. In excess of 5 trees overhanging slopes and soil is eroded beneath.	Bottles, paper, cans in reservoir. Amount of sedimentation not determined. Non observed.			
	Slopes vary from vertic front of homes to 1(V) t slopes. Several eroded 4 in deep and in excess observed. In excess of slopes and soil is erod	Bottles, pa Amount of Non observ			
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	SLOPES	SEDIMENTATION		2	4

UNGATED SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SPILLWAY CREST	Construction joints opened in excess of 1 in downstream. Flash boards appear 12 in in height above crest. Alignment appears satisfactory.	Joints should be suitably repaired.
APPROACH CHANNEL	Appears satisfactory.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Wood and cans in channel.	Debris should be removed.
BRIDGE AND PIERS		

GATED SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	Concrete spalled in more than l area and spalled to depths of 4 in to l in.	Spalled concrete areas should be suitably repaired.
APPROACH CHANNEL	Wood, styrofoam cups, baseball, leaves and cans in channel.	Debris should be removed.
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Connects to ungated spillway.	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	A concrete conduit runs under roadway downstream.	
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	4 Coffin manufactured valves stems with crank operators in gatehouse. Concrete below base plates cracked on all four operators.	Cracks should be checked for depth and repaired.
2		

APPENDIX 3

PHOTOGRAPHS

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM



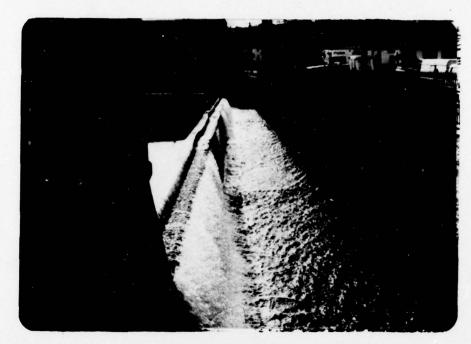
Dam (Route 206). Looking downstream.

7 December 1978



Spillway. Looking west.

7 December 1978

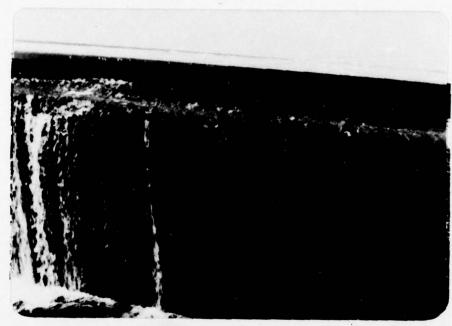


Spillway. Looking east from 7 December 1978 gatehouse.



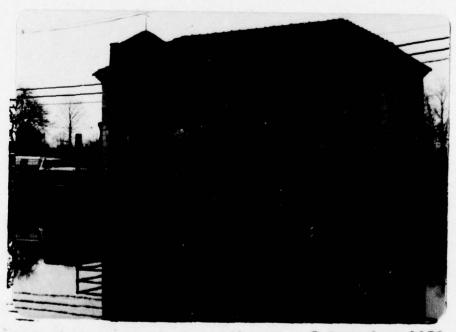
Debris in spillway.

7 December 1978



Spalled and cracked concrete and timber riser on crest of spillway.

7 December 1978



Upstream entrance to gatehouse. 7 December 1978



Deteriorated riprap at right 7 December 1978 abutment.



Discharge from gatehouse into 7 December 1978 spillway channel. Note deteriorated concrete.



Spalled concrete at upstream 7 December 1978 side of culvert under Route 206.

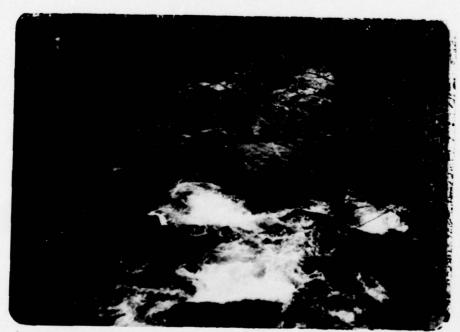


Culvert under Route 206. Looking upstream.

7 December 1978



Erosion and spalled concrete 7 December 1978 at right sidewall below culvert under Route 206.



Discharge channel. Looking downstream.

7 December 1978



Left abutment area. Looking south.

7 December 1978



Spalled concrete at end wall 7 December 1978 of spillway channel. Note absence of riprap.

APPENDIX 4

HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

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LAKE MUSCOHETEONG DAM

Location: Morris - Sussex County, N.J.

Drainage Area: 3.0.359.mi - [25.459.mi to Lake Hopatcong propu

Lake Area: 307 Acres

<u>Classification</u>: size - Intermediate
Hazard - High

Spillway Design Flood

Bacel on available information, it is understand that the spillway and gates have been designed on the basis of the flood of Oct. 1903. In accordance with the evaluation criteria. PMF should be used.

COMPUTE PUT

1. Dam located in Zone 6

PMP = 22.4 inches (200 sq.mi in 24 km.)

2. PMF must be adjusted for basin size

Duration - hr	% Factor (for mi)	Reduction Factor
0-6	112	
0-12	123	0.80
0-24	132	
0-48	142	
		# p.4; "D.S.D

CKO(15) DATE 3:29:79 ______ SHEET NO. _/ OF /2

LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

- 3. Methodology
 - a) PMF be calculated using HEC-1 with Snyder Coefficients Ce=3.70 and Cp=a58 recommended the Army Corp of Engineers.
 - b) Within Lake Musconetcong's drainage basin lies lake Hopatcong. The outflow hydrograph from Lake Hopatcong is combined with the local inflow from the remaining drainage area to levelop the inflow hydrograph for Lake Musconetcong and subsequent routing. (See schonatic network next pg.)

LNIT HYDROGEAPH

Corp of Engineers has indicated that Snyder Method be used to develop local inflow for take Musconetcong's intermediate drainage area.

Snyder Lag time: tp=Ce.(L·Lea)³ from chainage area L = 20350fx = 3.85 mi La= 6850ft = 1.30 mi



i tp=3.7(3.85 x 1.30) = 6.0 hs.

:. tp = 6 hrs. and Cp = 0.58 (givan)

BY TO DATE 2-1-79 Lake Musconstrong Dam JOB NO. J. 783 S

CKD ED DATE 3.28.79 SHEET NO. 2 OF /2

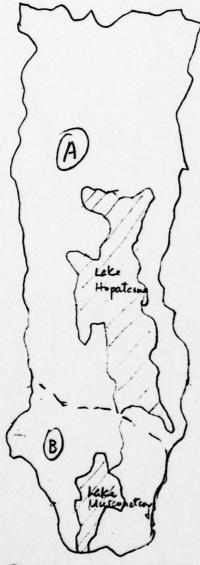
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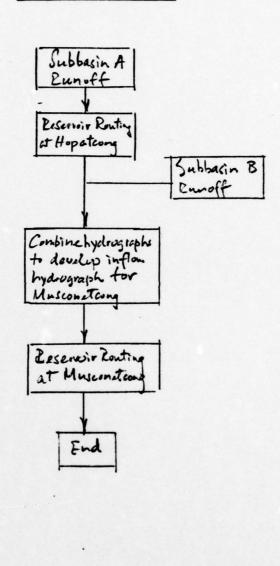
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Catchneut Basin

Schenatic Natwork



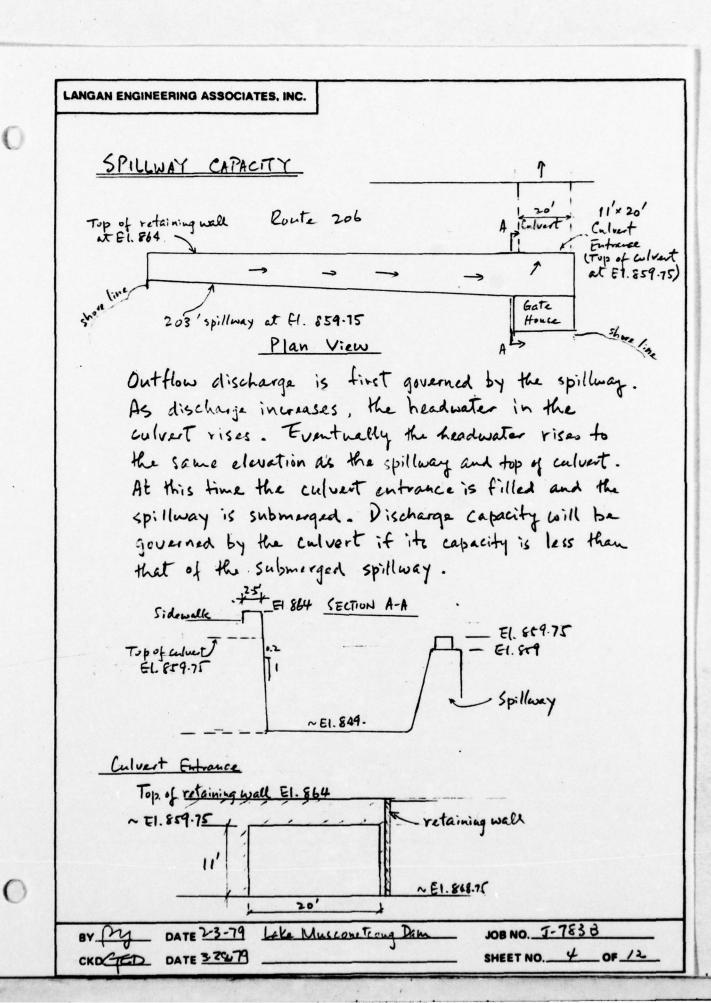


- A Hopatcong Subbasin
- 1 Musconetary Subbasin

BY Try DATE 2-6-79 Lake Museonetions Dam

CKREED DATE 3-28-79

JOB NO. T-783 B SHEET NO. 3 OF 12



LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

Discharge capacity of Culvert when spillway just becomes submerged or spillway discharge chamber filled (headwater for culvert at 859.75):

'Open-Channel Hydraulics' by Chow, 1959 Fig. 17-29 on pg. 498.

H=1, d=11', then 0/6 = 120

: Q = 120 x 20 = 2400 cfs

Approximate head above spillway when culvert entrance filled $H = \left(\frac{a}{cL}\right)^3$ Choose C = 3.3 (Table 5-3 of $= \left(\frac{2400}{3.3 \times 203}\right)^3$ $= \left(\frac{2400}{3.3 \times 203}\right)^3$ Hydraulic, by King = 2.34 ft.

Elevation at two end of the retaining wall is approximately 8 63.5. Assume discharge obergs weir equation when overtop. Use Cag. = 2.5 and L = 200'

Use Cary. = 2.7 for retaining wall portion which is at El. 864.

Length of retaining wall = 233'

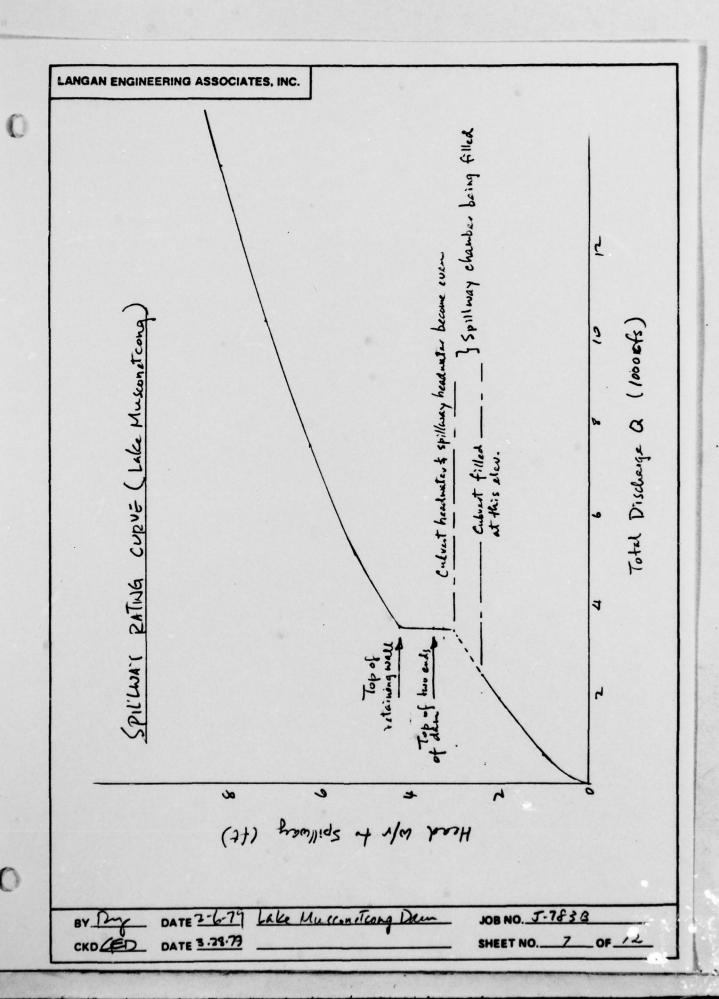
Profile Section along retaining wall

BY Dy DATE 2-3-77 LAW MUSCONITIONS DIES JOB NO. J-78313

CKDOFD DATE 3-78-79 SHEET NO. 5 OF 12

ANGAN	ENGIN	EERI	NG A	530	CIAT	ES, IN	IC.					
Total (4)	10, =0.	٥	209	1895	3400	3460	3697	3715	7536	10383	13806	3
Retaining	13							629	1779	3269	5053	= 500 Ht, de= 629.1 H
R.t.s							٥	-	7	m	4	hanlies
ende	Q. (M)						177	616	1976	3274	4773	المارية
Two ends						0	4.0	4	5.2	N.	し、う	4 3 3
	Q.(14) H(K)		509	5681	3400	346.	352	3600	3780	3840	4000	= 500 HK, de= 629.1 H
17	9/4		30	45	06)	173	921	180	184	192	200	2 % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %
Culvert			1.4.0	6.0	[2]	1.34	Ī	1.52	1.57	1.66	19-27 1751 200	X Cop
	H((t) 1/4		4.62	6.6	±	J. 7.	15.71	71.91	17.2	18.7 1.86	19.20	2
	Q(cfs)		509	1895	35.02	Con	rtrol ulua	led	Н			Q 12,
Spillway	v		2.96	3.30	3.32							* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	# (4	٥	_	'n	w	2.5	4.2/	وبعر	50.9	7.2	12.20	as = 203 cH ² , As obtained from
7	(4)	21.628	21-098	21.198	812.75	863.50	864.60	865.00	866.00	867.00	266.00	g a
BY.P		. DA	TE 3	28.7		Lak	М	Luci	conc	Ica.	7	JOB NO. J-783 13 SHEET NO. 6 OF 12.

C



Reservoir Storage Capacity

Assume a linear distribution for the area of the lake with elevation. Start at a zero storage at the crest of the spillway.

Area of Lake = 307 Ac.

Perimeter of lake = 24,000ft (measured from U.S. 6.5. map)
Since perineter is extinated from U.S. 6.5. map. :- for
estimated analysis purpose, it is assumed to be constant within
the working elevation range.

Take average side slope = IV: 6H.

the area of lake increased by = 6(24000) = 3 ac.

Elw. (ft)	H (ft)	Increase in lace area (Acre)	Area of Lake (Acred
859.75	0		3.7
860.75	1	3	310
861.75	2	6	313
862.75	3	9	316
863-75	4	12	319
864.75	5	15	322
865.75	6	18	375
866.75	7	21	328
867-75	8	24	331
868.71	9	27	334

BY Dry	DATE 2-2-79	Lake Musconationa Dam	JOB NO. J-7f3 R
CKOSED	DATE 3.29.79		SHEET NO OF

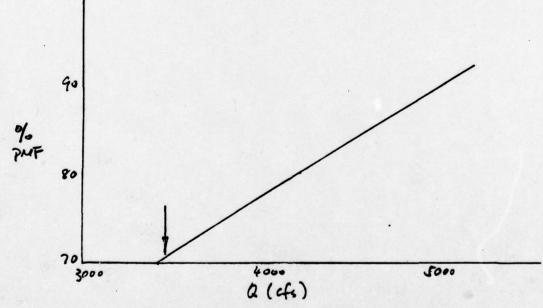
0

SUMMERY OF HYDEOGRAPH AND FLOOD BOUTING

- 1. Hydrograph and routing calculated using HEC-1
- 2. PMF for lake Musconetcong is 6140 cfs (routed to 5948 cfs)
- 3. Routing indicates the two ends of the dam will overtop by approximately 1-8 ft and the retaining wall running parallel to the roadway will overtop by approximately 1.3 ft for PMF.

OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

- 1. Various % of PUT have been routed using HEC-1
- 2. Plot peak outflow vs 9. PUF



- 3. Dam overtops at approx. Fl. 863. [with a = 3460 cfs.
 - : dam can pass approx. 71% of PMF.

BY Py DATE 2-6-79 Lake Musconetring Daw JOB NO. 7-783 B

CKDGED DATE 3.78.79 SHEET NO. 9 OF 12

DRAWDOWN ANALYSIS

CKD GED DATE 3.28.79

0

1. Outlet structures

4 - 3' x 5' sluice gates 1-36" pipe that leads to the conal.

2. Outlet Capacity

Sill of gater at F1. 850.0

Top of sates at F1. 855.0

4 of 36" pipe at F1. 856.0

Consider pipe discharge when pool elevation is above F1.856.0, Assume orifice flow. When pool elevation is above F1.855.0, gate discharge

is governed by orifice flow. As pool elevation is lowered below El. 855.0, gate discharge is governed by weir flow. Use C=3.33 for weir flow and c=0.62 for orifice flow for the gater (available original design data) Use C=0.6 for pipe.

Hew.	Gat			ipe	0.00	Datave.
(+5.)	Hear (1t)	Q(cfs)	Head (H)	Qu(cfs)	Q+ (0fs)	Unitare.
860	7.5	817	4	68	885	852
859.	6.5	761	3	59	820	
828	1 5.5	700	2	48	748	784
857	4.5	633	1	34	667	198
856	8 3.5	558	0	0	118	613
855	T5	447			447	503
854	1 4	320			320	384
853	3 3	208			208	364
852	2	113			113	161
851	1	40			40	77
850	0	1 Like Mu			, NO. J.783 B	20

SHEET NO. 10 OF 12

LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

- 3. Storage Capacity
 - a. Estimated usable storage above the lowest elevation of the gater is 1800 ac. ft.
 - b. Assume area varies linearly with height, brea of lake at bottom of gate = 53 acres

Elev.	Area (Ac)	Distorage (AC-ft)	Total Storage (Ac-14)
860	307	295	1800
859	282	269	
878	256	244	
857	231		
856	205	218	
875	180	168	
854	122		
843	129	142	
825	1.04	117	
851	78	91	
850	7.3	66	
1			

Sich

0

0

CKD. GED DATE 3-28-79 Lake Musconetrong Rum JOB NO. J-783 B

SHEET NO. // OF /2

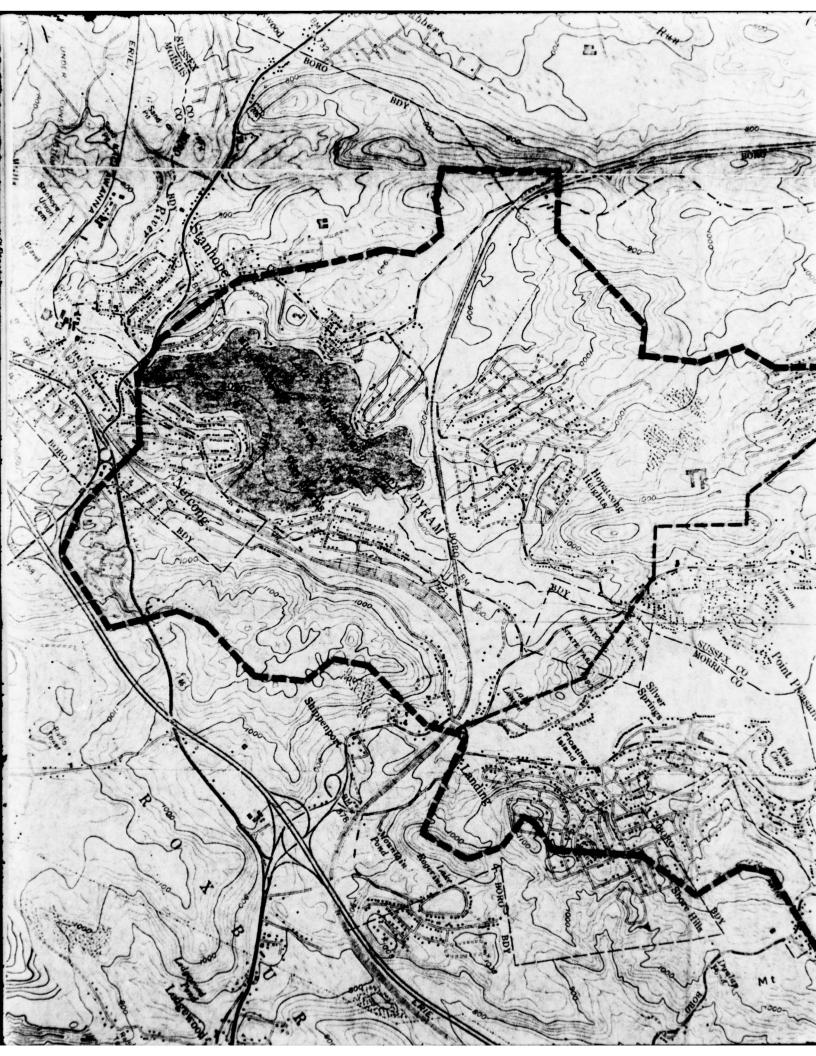
LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

4. Assume in flow to be 2cfs/sq. mi Q:n = 30.3 × 2 = 60.6 efs

Flw. (ft)	Quet are.	Quet*	1 Stonege (Ac.ft)	st(h.)	Sat (h)	
860	852	791	295	4.5		
85-9	784	723	269	4.5		
848	598	537	744	5.5		
857	613	22.5	218	4.8		
856	503	442	180	4.9	24.2	Iday.
812	384	323	168	6.3		1.
854	264	203	142	8.5.		
823	161	100	117	14.2		
825	77	16	91	68.8	122	5 days
851	20	_**	^			
850						

Lake can be lowered 5 feet in about 1 day and 9 feet in about 5 days

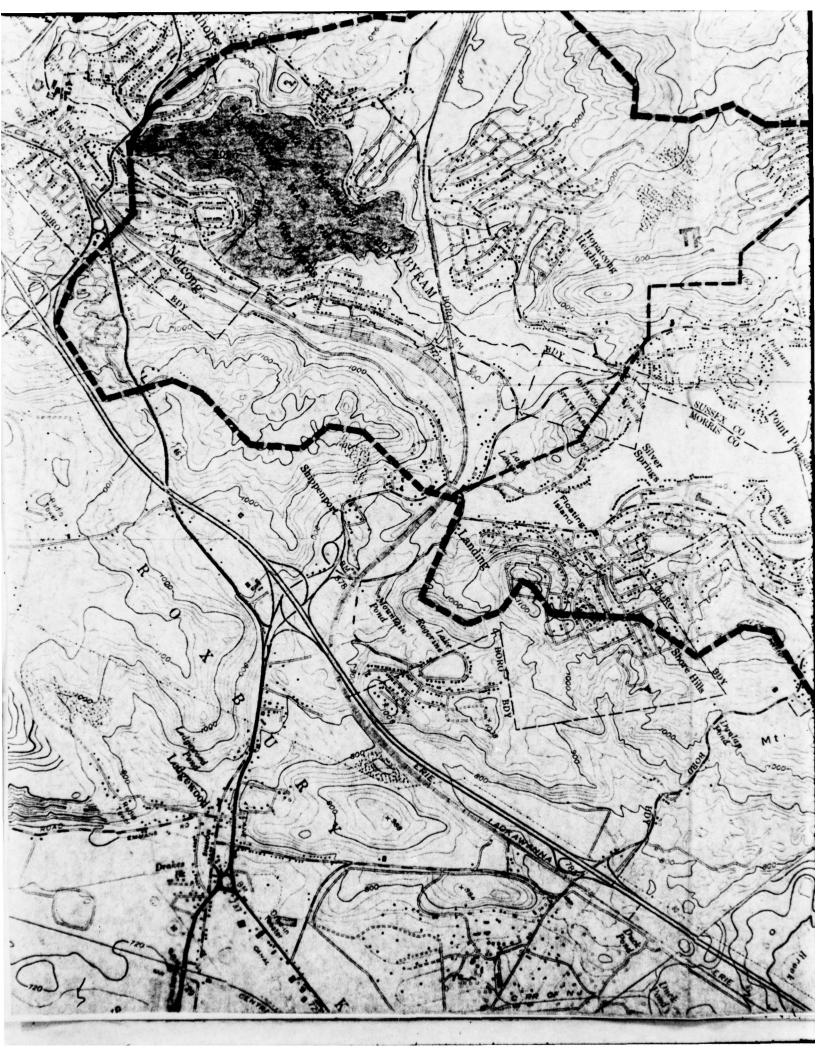
BY DY	DATE 1-2-19	Lake Muscenetrong Daw	JOB NO. <u>J-783 B</u>
CKD CED	DATE 3.19.79		SHEET NO. /2 OF /2





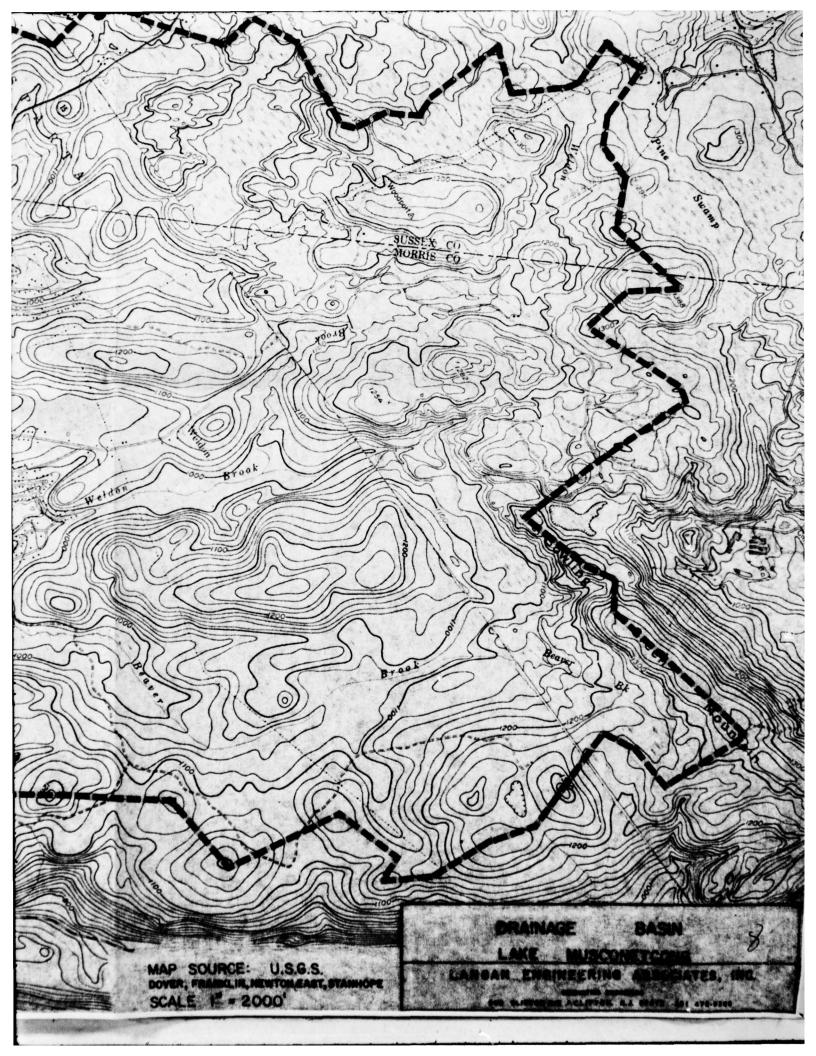












HEC-I OUTPUT

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

05, 179
FEB
17:39
MUSOUTI

٥				2627	932.3			868.00 13806 334
				931.7	931.3		o	867.00 10383 331
0		.15		930.7 8355 2593	930.3		.15	-1 866.00 7535 328
TING	1		-	929.7 6291 2576	929.3	1	1 1 N OF MUS	1 865.00 5148 325
DAM AND ROU'	0.82			928.7 4497 2559	928.3	AL .80	AL INFLO	864.00 3697 322
ONETCONG OROGRAPH INSPECTIO	LOCAL		ONG	927.7 3073 2542	927.3	CONG LOCA	132 11TH LOCA	863.50 3460 319
LAKE MJSCONETCONG DAM INFLOW HYDROGRAPH AND ROUTING N.J. DAM INSPECTION 0 0 0	COMPUTE HYDROGRAPH - HOPATCONG LOCAL 1	23	- HOPATCONG	926.3 1730 2525	926.3	27.7 COMPUTE HYDROGRAPH - MUSCONETCONG LOCAL 1 4.9 123 133	6 .58 1 .15 COMBINE OUTFLOW OF HOPATCONG WITH LOCAL INFLOW OF MUSCONETCONG	ROUTING COMPUTATIONS - MUSCONETCONG 1
Jaz o	3RAPH - 1 25.4 104	-	ROUTING COMPUTATIONS -	925.3	925.3	SRAPH - 1	DW OF HO	RATIONS 861,75 1895 313
-	TE HYDROC	0.58	AG COMPU	924.3 333 2491	2661 924.3 934.3	E HYDROC	. 58	4G COMPU' 860.75 605 310
150		12.0		6		0	COMBIN	35
<< < a d	XXX	FZX:	* Z * ;	7 Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	SE SE	S X X X G	. E 3 x x Z :	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X

864.75 865.75 866.75 867.75 868.75 863.75 860.75 861.75 862.75 \$E859.75 \$\$859.75 \$D863.50 K 1254

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 2
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 2
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 2
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 3
END OF NETWORK

| FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78

RUN DATE# 79/02/05. TIME# 17.31.04. LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM INFLOW HYDROGRAPH AND ROUTING N.J. DAM INSPECTION

150

NSTAN

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

COMPUTE HYDROGRAPH - HOPATCONG LOCAL

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

IHYDG IUHG TAREA SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL
1 1 25.40 0.00 25.40 .82 0.000 0 0

PRECIP DATA

					COMP Q	
				760. 478. 218. 100. 45. 21.	SSOT	
	RTIMP 0.00			VOL= 1.00 701. 517. 236. 108. 49. 22.	EXCS	
R96 0.00	ALSMX 0.00		INTERVALS	.58 W 624. 259. 117. 53. 24.	RAIN	
R72 0.00	CNSTL			SS, CPs	PERIOD	
R48 135.00	STRTL 1.00	A NTA= 0		2.03	HR.MN	
R24 123.00 135	A RTIOK	DAT	DATA 0.00 TC=12.98	LAG* 1 424. 653. 298. 136. 62. 28.	D FLOW MO.DA	44444444444444444444444444444444444444
R12 113.00 123	LOSS DATA	HYDROGR CP=	RECESSION DATA QRCSN= 0.	ORDINATES, 323. 707. 323. 147. 67. 14.	END-OF-PERIOD FLOW COMP Q MO.	
R6 104.00	RTIOL FRAIN 1.00 0.00	UNIT TP= 12.00	-2.00 SNYDER CP	END-OF-PERIOD 229. 764. 159. 159. 131. 159. 159. 159. 159. 159. 159. 159. 15	E SSO1	3.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55
PMS 22.40			STRTQ= -2.	75 END-(143. 143. 378. 172. 79. 36.	EXCS	
SPFE 0.00	R DLTKR 0 0.00		TS FROM	OGRAPH	RAIN	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	STRK			UNIT HYDR 70 817 408 186 39 39 18	PERIOD	122 123 123 124 125 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
	LROPT		LARK COF	19. 142. 202. 202. 42. 19. 19.	HR.MN	1.00 2.00 3.00 4.00 6.00 6.00 9.00 112.00 113.00 114.00 117.00 118.00 119.00 22.00 23.00
			APPROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIEN		NO.DA	200000000000000000000000000000000000000

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SUM 24.80 19.82 4.98 330800. (630.)(503.)(126.)(9367.21)

VOLUME	330738.	9365.	20.19	512.77	27334.	33716.
TOTAL						
72-HOUR	4450.	126.	19.56	496.79	26482.	32665.
24-HOUR	10167.	288.	14.89	378.29	20165.	24873.
6-HOUR	14418.	408.	5.28	134.12	7149.	8819.
PEAK	15026.	425.				
	CFS	CMS	INCHES	W	AC-FT	OUS CU M

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTING COMPUTATIONS - HOPATCONG

			931.70	10651.00	2627.	22954.	932.	
IAUTO			930.70	8355.00	2610.	20336.	931.	
S ISTAGE	LSTR	STORA ISPRAT 01	929.70	6291.00	2593.	17734.	930.	EXPL 0.0
JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO	I PMP 0	TSK STORA 0.000	928.70	4497.00 6	2576.	15150.	929.	CAREA 0.0
JPLT JE	IOPT IP	0.000 0.00			2559.	12582.	928.	C00L
ITAPE 0		AMSKK 0.000 0	927.70	3073.00	2542.	10032.	927.	EXPW ELEVL
IECON	IRES ISAME 1 0	LAG	926.30	1730.00	2525.	7498.	926.	COOM EXI
2 ICOMP	3 AVG	S NSTDL	925.30	942.00	2508.	4982.	925.	SPWID C
ISTAQ 2	QLOSS CLOSS	NSTPS 1	924.30	333.00	2491.	2482.	924.	CREL . :
			923.30	0.00	2474.	25590.	923.	
			STAGE 9	PLOW	SURFACE AREA=	CAPACITY=	ELEVATION=	

TOPEL COQD EXPD DAMWID 927.7 0.0 0.0 0.0

STAGE	23.	3	23	23.	23.	23	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23	23	23	23.	23	23	23	23	23	23.	10	23	23	923.4	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	23.	24.	24.	24.	24.	25.	
STORAGE	+	. 8	12.	16.	20.	24.	28.	32.	36.	40.	43.	47.	51.	54.	58.	62.	67.	76.	88	104	126.	153.	185.	221.	262.	305.	349.	393.	436.	476.	513.	548.	8	-	643.	-	713.	9	828.	93	2	37	3	27	0	3694.	2	L
HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES INFLOW	1.	1		2.	3.	3.	4	+	5.	5.	9	9	7.	7.					12.			21.			35.	-	-	2	0		.69	74.		82.			0	0	111.	~	4			0	4		846.	
	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.	51.		51.			~	0	4		-	4	0	541.	571.	8	8	9	3	0	474.	461.	9	475.	503.	578.	757.	60	72	73	90	5633.	33	07	940	N	-
END-OF-PERIOD RIOD HOURS	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	0.9	7.0	8.0	0.6	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	25.00	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	0.0	1.0	5.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	9.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	0	4.0	5.0	0	7.0	•
END-O	1	2		4	S	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	c ·
HR.MN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥.	0	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	0.0	1.0	0	3.0	0.0	1.00	0	۰.	0	۰.	0	0	0	9.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	9.0	7.0	8.0	۰.	0:0	1.0	2.0	3.0	
MO.DA	1.01		1.01	1.01		1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	۰.	0	۰.	۰.	0	•	?	•	?	•	9	9	•	•	0	۰.	۰.	۰.	۰.	٩.	c

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945.0
.147.
138.
21.
10. UCL UCL
00.0
1.01

5640. AT TIME 65.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS

TOTAL VOLUME	280676.	7948.	17.13	435.16	23196.	28612.
72-HOUR	3406.	96	14.97	380.21	20268.	25000.
24-HOUR	5103.	145.	7.48	189.89	10122.	12486.
6-HOUR	5600.	159.	2.05	52.09	2777.	3425.
PEAK	5640.	160.				
	CFS	CMS	INCHES	MW	AC-FT	THOUS CU M

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

COMPUTE HYDROGRAPH - MUSCONETCONG LOCAL

AL 0		RTIMP 0.00
		ALSMX 0.00
ISAME	R96 0.00	
MON	72 00	CNSTL
	٥.	STRTL 1.00
RATIC 0.000	R48	
DATA RSPC		A RTIOK
RAPH T		LOSS DATA STRKS 0.00
HYDROC TRSI 4.5	PREC R12 123.00	N. S
SNAP 0.00		ERAIN 0.00
EA 90		RTIOL 1.00
TAR 4.	PM 22.4	DLTKR 0.00
rung 1	SPFE 0.00	
YDG 1		STRKR 0.00
H		LROPT
	TAREA	IUHG TAREA SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME 1 4.90 0.00 4.90 .80 0.000 0 0 PRECIP DATA SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96 0.00 22.40 112.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 6.00 CP= .58 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA
STRTQ= .2.00 QRCSN= 0.00 RTIOR= 1.00
APPROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNYDER CP AND 'TP ARE TC= 6.77 AND R= 6.15 INTERVALS

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 37 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 6.00 HOURS, CP= .58 VOL= 1.00 19. 70. 140. 214. 276. 309. 308. 274. 233.

198.

	COMP Q	43.	23.	15.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	.01	.07	.01	. 01				10.	10.	10.	. 60	10.	.00			10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.			
28	LOSS	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	900		00.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	000			00.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	
9.6.	EXCS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	000		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	9		
11.	RAIN	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	000		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	000	000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	000	000	
	PERIOD	16	11	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	98	87	88	68	26	16	92	200	2 2	200	97	98	66	100	101	102	107	105	106	101	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	110	110	
12.	HR. MN	4.00	2.00				9.00			2					17.00	18.00	19.00	20.00	27.00	23.00	00.0	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	2.00	9.00	200	00.5	10.00	11.00			4	5		-			0 -	:	23.00	
15.	FLOW MO.DA	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04							1.04	1.04		1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1,05	1.05	1.05	
17.	COMP Q	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	.0.	.0.				. 53.	. 62	95.	108	111.	103.	91.	79.	. 89	.00	46.	40.	39.	48.	. 69	105.	152.	205.	290.	463.	.777.	1357.	3330	4342	5193.	
20.	SSOT	.01	.01	10.	.01	.01	.01	.02	.02	.02	.02	.02	.02	.15	.18	. 23		c1.	61.	3.5	10	10.	.01	.01	=:	1:	==	17	11	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	51.	.T.	.15	1.15	115	
5.	EXCS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	67.	90.				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	90	000	0.00	81.	.18	. 18	. 18	.18	.18	1.86	2.26			2.06		.01	ć
	RAIN	.01	.01	.0	.01	.01	.01	.02	.02	.02	.02	.02	.02	ci.	91.	57.	90.	17:		5.5	:	10.	.01	.01	1:	===	==	:=	: :	.33	.33	.33	.33	.33	.33	2.01	2.41	3.01	20.0	2.31	17:7	.16	-
28 5	PERIOD	-	7	3	*	2	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	1:	4	21	01.	10.	9 5	20	21.	22	23	24	25	97	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	65.		41	43	7	16
33.	IIR.MN	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	2.00	00.9	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	12.00	17.00	00.01	20.00	21.00	22.00	23.00	0.00	1.00	3.00	4.00	2.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	00.6	10.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	12.00	18.00	19.00	20.00	טט ונ
	MO.DA	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.0	100	1.01	5.6	36	1.0	1001	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1 00

		66438. 1881.31)
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300000000000000000000000000000000000000		20.64
300000000000000000000000000000000000000		C 646.) VOLUME 66409. 1880. 21.01 533.71 5488. 6770.
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2.00 2.00 3.00 5.00 6.00 10.00 111.00	222.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 25.00 25.00 25.00	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1.06 1.06 1.06 1.06 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	72-HOUR 26. 20.77 527.65 5426. 6693.
		24-HOUR 2530. 72. 19.21 487.90 5017. 6189.
2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2569. 2446. 3468. 3468. 2291. 1135. 1135. 1135. 669.	5-HOUR 4978. 141. 9.45 2468. 3045.
111100000000000000000000000000000000000		
		PEAK 5580. 158.
110000000000000000000000000000000000000		CFS CMS INCHES MM AC-FT THOUS CU M
194444000000000000000000000000000000000	00010000000000000000000000000000000000	DOHL
23.00 23.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 4.00 6.00 7.00 9.00	11.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 17.00 19.00 22.00 23.00 1.00 1.00	

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

	INFLOW OF MUSCONETCONG
1	Q.
	INFLOW
	LOCAL
-	WITH
	TE OUTFLOW OF HOPATCONG
-	OF
	OUTFLOW
	COMBINE

	15. 109. 104. 1483. 5039. 5885. 5885. 4231. 3120. 1861. 1130.	
IAUTO	15. 85. 104. 888. 5254. 5254. 5226. 1913. 1159.	
ISTAGE 0		u
INAME 1	14. 60. 105. 565. 567. 5723. 8457. 1967. 1187.	1. VOLUME 347085. 9828. 17.76 451.09 28685.
JPRT	14. 107. 107. 107. 1386. 55904. 55904. 25807. 4587. 2628. 2628. 1217. 1217.	тот
JPLT	AT 2 13. 23. 23. 23. 296. 296. 6140. 6140. 6140. 4740. 4740. 2059. 2059. 2059. 2059. 805. 805.	72-HOUR 4137. 117. 15.24 387.12 24616.
TAPE	RAPIIS	4-HOUR 5603. 159. 6.88 174.77 111113.
ECON I	HYDROG 114. 238. 6019. 5930. 5930. 5930. 2762. 2762. 2133. 1637. 1000.	7
COMP IF	5UM OF 2 12. 17. 121. 187. 5087. 5967. 5967. 5967. 2191. 1677. 1310.	6-HOUR 5947. 168. 1.83 46.37 2949.
		PEAK 6140. 174.
ISTAQ 2	11. 17. 128. 147. 4628. 4956. 5983. 5159. 3891. 2250. 1716. 1343.	CFS CMS CMS CHES MM C-FT
	11. 16. 132. 131. 3513. 4944. 5976. 5286. 4005. 2968. 2310. 1761.	CFS CMS INCHES MM AC-FT THOUS CU M
	10. 16. 108. 2399. 4964. 5945. 5407. 1118. 2372. 1810. 1103.	

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTING COMPUTATIONS - MUSCONETCONG

IAUTO	
ISTAGE	LSTR
INAME	
JPRT	IPMP
JPLT	TOPT
ITAPE 0	ISAME 0
IECON	ROUTI TRES 1
ICOMP 1	AVG 0.00
ISTAQ 3	0.000
	0.00

	867.00	10383.00	334.	2884.	.698					
	866.00	7535.00	331.	2552.	868.			8	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	∞∞∞∞⊙⊙⊙ ⊙
RA ISPRAT 01	865.00	5148.00	328.	2222.	867.	EXPL 0.0		AGE STAGE		
STO	864.00	3697.00	325.	1896.	866.	CAREA 0.0	0. 0.	INATES JOW STORAGE	3. 5. 7. 10. 11. 13. 13. 14.	117. 222. 440. 633. 73.
X TSK			322.	1572.	865.	COQL 0.0	EXPD DAMWID 0.0	HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES INFLOW		
AMSKK X 0.000 0.000	863.50	3460.00	319.	1252.	864.	ELEVL 0.0	DAM DATA	HYDROGR INFLOW	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	38. 60. 109. 125. 128.
LAG AMS	862.75	3400.00	316.	934.	863.	EXPW 0.0	TOPEL CC 863.5	END-OF-PERIOD RIOD HOURS	26 4 3 3 5 4 3 3 5 6 5 4 3 3 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
			E.	6	80	0.0 0.0	10.98	END-(100 8 4 3 8 4 8 8 4 8 8 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	17 18 19 22 22 23 24 24 24
O 1 0 1	861.75	1895.00	313.	620.	862.	SPW1D 0.0		HR.MN	2.00 3.00 4.00 6.00 7.00 10.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	
NSTPS	860.75	00.509	310.	308.	861.	CREL 859.8		MO.DA		
	859.75	0.00	307.	•	860.					
	STAGE 8:	FLOW	SURFACE AREA=	CAPACITY=	ELEVATION=					

LANGAN ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES INC CLIFTON NJ
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM(NJ00328). DE--ETC(U)
APR 79 D J LEARY
DACW61-78-C-0124 AD-A067 766 UNCLASSIFIED NL 2002 AD A087783 1 END DATE FILMED 6 -79



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| 1.04 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 |

237 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

PEAK

630

	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	
S	5948.	5914.	5518.	4099.	342826.	
CMS	168.	167.	156.	116.	9708.	
SS		1.82	6.78	15.10	17.54	
I		46.12	172.12	383.56	445.56	
F		2933.	10945.	24390.	28333.	
E		3617.	13500.	30085.	34948.	

RUNOFF SUMMARY, AVERAGE FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND) AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILLOMETERS)

........

AREA 25.40 65.79)	25 40
72-HOUR 4450. 126.02)(June
24-HOUR 10167. 287.88)(נטנז
6-HOUR 14418. 408.27)(RENN
PEAK 15026. 425.48) (6640
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HYDROGRAPH AT	סטוושפט ייט

C

						TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	0.00		TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	0.00
65.79)	4.90	30.30	30.30		TOP OF DAM 927.70 11050. 3073.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	65.00	TOP OF DAM 863.50 1172. 3460.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	65.00
96.45) (912.	4137.	4099.	ALYSIS		DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	37.00 ALYSIS		DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	46.00
144.51) (2530.	5603. 158.66)(5518. 156.25) (SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS	SPILLWAY CREST 923.30 0.	MAX IMUM OUTFLOW CFS	15245. 5640. 37.0 SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS	SPILLWAY CREST 859.75 0.	MAX IMUM OUTFLOW CFS	5948.
(158.56) (4978.	5947. (168.40)(5914.	HARY OF DAM		MAX IMUM STORAGE AC-FT	15245. MARY OF DAM		MAX IMUM STORAGE AC-FT	1761.
(159.70) (2 5580. (158.01)(2 6140. (173.86)(3 5948. (168.42)(SUM	INITIAL VALUE 923.30 0.	MAX IMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	1.64 SUM	INITIAL VALUE 859.75 0.	MAX IMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	1.84
:	YDROGRAPH AT	2-COMBINED	٤		ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	HAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	929.34	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	865.34 C-1) 1978 78
	HYDROG	2-con	ROUTED TO		1	RATIO OF PHF	0.00	1	RATIO OF PMF	PLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978 LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78
				-	PLAN			PLAN		FLOOD HYD DAM SAFET LAST MO

07:53 FEB 06,'79 MUSOUT2

PLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAN SAFETY VERSION
JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78 ****************************

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO END OF NETWORK

PLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAM SAFETY VERSION
JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 25 SEP 78 *************************

RUN DATE\$ 79/02/06. TIME\$ 07.48.21.

& PMF N.J. DAM INSPECTION

1PRT IPLT 0 METRC 0 TRACE JOB SPECIFICATION IMIN LROPT JOPER IDAY MIN

NSTAN

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 8 LRTIO= 1 .90 .80 .50 .50 .50

.30 9 RTIOS=

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

LOCAL
HOPATCONG
1
HYDROGRAPH
COMPUTE

IAUTO			RTIMP 0.00	
ISTAGE	LOCAL			
ME IS	ISAME	896 0.00	ALSMX 0.00	
INAME	MONSI		CNSTL .15	
JPRT		R72 0.00	STRTL 1.00	
JPLT	RATIO 0.000	R48 135.00		HYDROGRAPH DATA CP= .58 NTA= 0
ITAPE 0	DATA FRSPC .82		RTIOK 1.00	APH DA
ITA	HYDROGRAPH DATA TRSDA TRSPC 25.40 .82	R12 R24 113.00 123.00	SS DASTRES	CP-
IECON		PR. 113.	ERAIN STRKS 0.00 0.00	2.00
ICOMP 0	SNAP 0.00	R6 104.00		UNIT TP= 12.00
ISTAQ IC	TAREA 25.40	PMS 22.40	RT10L 1.00	
IST	TUHG	SPFE 0.00 2	DLTKR 0.00	
		SP.	STRKR 0.00	
	IHYDG 1		LROPT S	
			C.RO	

STRIQ= -2.00 QRCSN= 0.00 RTIOR= 1.00

528. 624. 701. 604. 559. 517. 276. 255. 236. 126. 117. 108. 58. 53. 49. 26. 24. 22.
255. 117. 53. 24.
559. 276. 255. 126. 117. 58. 53. 26. 24.
276. 255. 126. 117. 58. 53. 26. 24. 12. 11.
126. 117. 58. 53. 26. 24. 12. 11.
58. 53. 26. 24. 12. 11.
26. 24. 12. 11.
12. 11.

COMP Q 0 MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS SUM 24.80 19.82 4.98 330800. (630.)(503.)(126.)(9367.21)

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

.........

ROUTING COMPUTATIONS - HOPATCONG

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

			930.70 931.70	.00 10651.00	2610. 2627.	20336. 22954.	931. 932.		
			930	8355.00	. 26	203	•		
	LSTR	A ISPRAT	929.70	6291.00	2593.	17734.	930.	EXPL 0.0	
	a o	SK STOR	928.70	4497.00	2576.	15150.	929.	CAREA 0.0	9.6
	IOPT IPMP 0 0	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.00 01			2559.	12582.	928.	C00L	COQD EXPD DAMWID 0.0 0.0 0.0
-		MSKK .000 0.	927.70	3073.00	2542.	10032.	927.	ELEVL 0.0	COOD E
KUUTING DATA	TRES ISAME 1 0	LAG A	926.30	1730.00	2525.	7498.	926.	COOM EXPM ELEVE 0.0 0.0 0.0	TOPEL 927.7
	0.00 0.00	NSTDL 0	925.30	942.00	2508.	1982.	925.	SPWID COC	
	0.00 0.000	NSTPS		3.00	2491. 2661.	2482.	924.	CREL SP 923.3	
	0.0		924.30	333.				•	
			923.30	0.00	2474.	25590.	923.		
			STAGE	FLON	SURFACE AREA=	CAPACITY-	ELEVATION-		

PRAK OUTFLOW IS 5640. AT TIME 65.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 4804. AT TIME 66.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 4032. AT TIME 66.00 HOURS

3296. AT TIME 67.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFION IS

PEAK OUTFILDM IS 2679. AT TIME 68.00 HOURS

PEAR OUTFLOW IS 2120. AT TIME 69.00 HOURS

1574. AT TIME 70.00 HOURS

PEAR OUTPION 1S

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1079. AT TIME 71.00 HOURS

5.

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C

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

COMPUTE HYDROGRAPH - MUSCONETCONG LOCAL

LAUTO	
ISTAGE I	LOCAL
INAME IS'	ISAME
JPRT IN	MONSI
JPLT J	RATIO 0.000
ITAPE 0	PH DATA TRSPC .80
TECON I	HYDROGRA TRSDA 4.90
COMP I	SNAP 0.00
ISTAQ IC	TAREA 4.90
15	TUHG
	IHYDG

SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96 0.00 22.40 112.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00 0.00

CNSTL ALSMX LOSS DATA STRKS RTIOK STRTL 0.00 1.00 1.00 D.00 STRKR DLTKR RTIOL 0.00 0.00 1.00 LROPT

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
P= 6.00 CP= .58 NTA= 0

STRTQ= -2.00 QRCSN= 0.00 RTIOR= 1.00

198. 39. 6.00 HOURS, CP= .58 VOL= 1.00 308. 274. 233. 63. 54. 46. 12. 11. 9. UNIT HYDROGRAPH 37 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 70. 140. 214. 276. 309. 143. 122. 103. 68. 75. 28. 24. 20. 17. 15. 5. 5. 4. 3. 3.

COMP 0 ross EXCS END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN 1055 MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS

SUM 25.45 20.64 4.81 66438. (646.) (524.) (122.) (1881.31)

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

COMBINE OUTFLOW OF HOPATCONG WITH LOCAL INFLOW OF MUSCONETCONG

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

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HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTING COMPUTATIONS - MUSCONETCONG

			867.00	10383.00	334.	2884.	869.		
IAUTO			866.00	7535.00	331.	2552.	868.		
JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO 0 1 0 0	40	STORA ISPRAT	865.00	5148.00	328.	2222.	867.	EXPL 0.0	
CT INAME	. 0		864.00	3697.00 5	325.	1896.	866.	CAREA 0.0	8.
O O O		X TSK			322.	1572.	865.	0.0 0.0	EXPD DAMWID 0.0
FAPE JI	0	AMSKK X 0.000 0.000	863.50	3460.00	319.	1252.	864.	EXPW ELEVL	DAM DATA COQD EXPD 0.0 0.0
IECON ITAPE JPLT OUTING DATA	T T	LAG N	862.75	3400.00	316.	934.	863.	COQW EXPW 0.0 0.0	TOPEL 0
ICOMP 1	0.00	NSTDL 0	861.75	1895.00	313.	621 .	862.	SPWID CO	
	0.00 0.00	NSTPS 1	860.75	605.00 18	310.	308.	861.	CREL SI 859.8	
510	<u>ן</u> ־		859.75 86	0.00	307.	;	860.		
			STAGE 859	FLOW	SURFACE AREA=	CAPACITY-	ELEVATION-		

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 5948. AT TIME 65.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 5020. AT TIME 66.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTPLOW IS 4215. AT TIME 67.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3422. AT TIME 50.00 HOURS

.

PEAR OUTFLOW IS 2527. AT TIME 49.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1970. AT TIME 49.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1445. AT TIME 49.00 HOURS

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	Į,	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIO 1 RATIO 2 RATIO 3 RATIO 4 RATIO 5 RATIO 6 RATIO 7 RATIO 8 1.00 .90 .80 .70 .60 .50 .40 .30	RATIO 2	RATIOS API RATIO 3	PLIED TO F RATIO 4	LOWS RATIO 5	RATIO 6	RATIO 7	RATIO 8
HYDROGRAPH AT	¥	1	25.40	7	15026.	13523.	12020.	10518. 297.83) (9015.	7513.	6010. 170.19) (
ROUTED TO		2	25.40 65.79)	1	5640.	4804.	4032.	3296. 93.32) (2679.	2120.	1574.	
HYDROGRAPH AT	AT	~~	4.90	1	5580. 158.01)(5022.	5022. 4464. (142.20) (126.40) (1	3906.	3348.	2790.	2232.	1674.
2 COMBINED		2	30.30	1,	6140.	5499. 155.72) (4859.	4217.	3605.	3004.	2403.	
ROUTED TO		e _	30.30	1,	5948. 168.42) (5020. 142.16)(4215.	3422.	3086.	2527.	1970.	
						SUMMARY OF	SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS	TY ANALYSI	s			

TOP OF DAM 927.70 11050.

SPILLWAY CREST 923.30 0.

INITIAL VALUE 923.30 0.

ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW

PLAN 1

TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	0000	0000			TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	0000	00000
TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	65.00	69.00	71.00	TOP OF DAM 863.50 1172. 3460.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	66.00	49.00 49.00 49.00
DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	32.00	0000	0.00 ALYSIS		DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	46.00 42.00 36.00 0.00	00000
MAX INUM OUTFLOW CFS	5640.	3296. 2679. 2120.	S	SPILLWAY CREST 859.75 0.	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	5948. 5020. 4215.	3086. 2527. 1970. 1445.
MAX IMUM STORAGE AC-FT	15245.	11449. 10004. 8525.	5999. 5418. SUMMARY OF DAM	INITIAL VALUE 859.75 0.	MAX IMUM STORAGE AC-FT	1761. 1625. 1446.	869. 752. 636. 511.
NAX IMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	1.17	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	INITIA 85	MAX IMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	1.84	00000
MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	929.34	927.29 927.29 926.71	926.10	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	865.34 864.91 864.36	862.17 862.17 861.80 861.40
RATIO OF PMF	1.00	20.005	9.6	6	RATIO OF PMF	1.00	
				:			
				PLAN			*

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAN SAPETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST NODIFICATION 25 SEP 78

APPENDIX 5

REFERENCES

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

APPENDIX 5 REFERENCES

LAKE MUSCONETCONG DAM

- Memorandum to President & Board of Directors, Morris Canal & Banking Co., from C.C. Vermeule, dated 13 July 1925.
- Report titled "Improvement of Lake Musconetcong," by C.C. Vermuele, Morris Canal & Banking Co., dated 20 Dec. 1930.
- Memorandum to Mr. A.L. Sherman, State Water Policy Commission, from H.T. Critchlow, dated 21 May 1931.
- Letter to Mr. H.T. Critchlow from C.C. Vermeule, dated 29 May 1931.
- Letter to Mr. A.L. Sherman, from C.C. Vermeule, dated 29 May 1931.
- 6. Memorandum to Mr. C.C. Vermeule from H.T. Critchlow, dated 2 June 1931.
- Letter to Mr. H.T. Critchlow from C.C. Vermeule, dated
 June 1931.
- Memorandum to Mr. A.L. Sherman from H.T. Critchlow, dated
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- 9. Letter to Mr. C.C. Vermeule from H.T. Critchlow, dated 9 June 1931.
- 10. Letter to Mr. H.T. Critchlow from C.C. Vermeale, dated 11 June 1931.
- 11. Report on Dam Application #186, by J.N. Brooks and H.T. Critchlow, dated 3 July 1931.
- 12. Acknowledgement of Application for Permit for Construction or Repair of Dam, to Dr. H.B. Kummel, Morris Canal & Banking Company, dated 21 July 1931.
- 13. Permit to Morris Canal & Banking Company by State Water Policy Commission, dated 29 July 1931.
- 14. Inspection Report by G.R. Shanklin, dated 8 Aug. 1932.
- 15. Annual Report by M. Berkowitz, dated 5 June 1968.

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- 17. United States Dept. of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service SCS National Engineering Handbook Section 4 Hydrology NEH-Notice 4-102, August 1972.
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- 21. Wolfe, P.E., 1977, The Geology and Landscapes of New Jersey, Crane, Russak & COmpany, Inc., New York, New York, 351 pp.

Drawings

- Dwg No 150, General Plan of Dam Section Thru Culvert, by Morris Canal & Banking Co., dated 1 July 1, 1925.
- Dwg No 151, Elevations Sections Gatehouse, by Morris Canal & Banking Co., dated 1 July 1925.
- Dwg No 152, Concrete & Steel Details, by Morris Canal & Banking Co., dated 1 July 1925.
- 4. Plan of Reinf. of Cap of Present Spillway, By C.C. Vermeule, approved by State Water Policy Commission July 1931.
- Longitudinal Sections with Elevation of Spillway, by C.C. Vermeule, approved by State Water Policy Commission July 1931.